

PNOZ s50



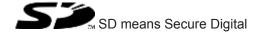
Safety relays

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Introduction

1 Introduction

1.1 Validity of documentation

This documentation is valid for the product PNOZ s50 from Version 1.1.

This operating manual explains the function and operation, describes the installation and provides guidelines on how to connect the product.



INFORMATION

The device is suitable for activating inductive loads within the specification. The terminology in this documentation is based on a safe mechanical holding brake. This terminology can easily be transferred to the physical circumstances of other applications.

1.1.1 Retaining the documentation

This documentation is intended for instruction and should be retained for future reference.

1.2 Definition of symbols

Information that is particularly important is identified as follows:



DANGER!

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that poses an immediate threat of serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



WARNING!

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that could lead to serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



CAUTION!

This refers to a hazard that can lead to a less serious or minor injury plus material damage, and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken.

Introduction PILZ



NOTICE

This describes a situation in which the product or devices could be damaged and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken. It also highlights areas within the text that are of particular importance.



INFORMATION

This gives advice on applications and provides information on special features.

Overview

2 Overview

2.1 Unit structure

2.1.1 Scope of supply

- PWM relay PNOZ s50
- Connection terminals (spring-loaded terminals)
- Chip card
- Chip card holder
- Documentation on data medium

2.1.2 Unit features

Application of the product PNOZ s50:

PWM relay for the safe activation of inductive loads, e.g. valves, mechanical holding brakes.

The product has the following features:

- Semiconductor outputs
 - 2 dual-pole failsafe power outputs, rated voltages 24 V or 48 VDC, e.g. for mechanical holding brakes, valves
 - Output voltage can be reduced through pulse width modulation (PWM)
 - Potential of the power outputs connected to the supply voltage B1/B2
 - 1 single-pole failsafe output for error
 - 2 single-pole failsafe outputs for status of the power circuits
 - 2 test pulse outputs
 - Potential of the single-pole outputs connected to supply voltage A1/A2
- Semiconductor inputs
 - 4 failsafe inputs for activating the power outputs (fast shutdown of power circuits)
 - 2 single-pole standard inputs for activating the power outputs (slow shutdown of power circuits)
 - 2 single-pole standard inputs for feedback loops

Potential of the semiconductor inputs connected to supply voltage A1/A2

- Supply voltage
 - 24 VDC for device
 - For power circuits, rated voltage 24 V, 48 VDC

Supply voltage for device and power circuit are isolated from each other

Voltage output 24 VDC

Potential connected to supply voltage A1/A2

- Can be configured via the display on the device
- Configuration is stored on a chip card

Overview

- Display
 - Number of operations
 - System information
 - Status of the inputs and outputs
 - Warning and error messages
- Status and fault LEDs
- Plug-in connection terminals (spring-loaded terminals)

2.2 Front/side view

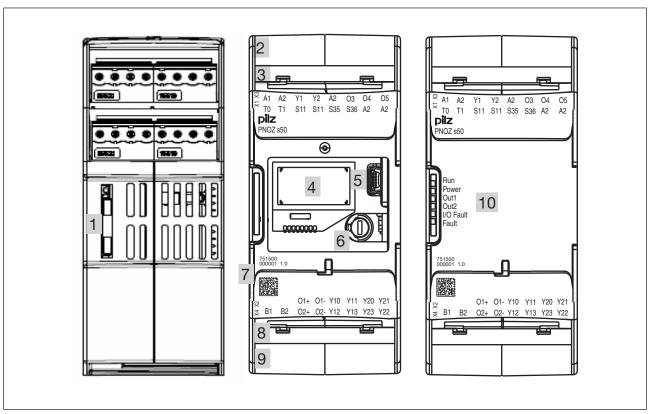


Fig.: Left: Side view, centre: Front view without cover, right: Front view with cover

Legend:

- 1: Chip card
- 2: Connection terminal X3
- 3: Connection terminal X1
- 4: Display
- 5: 4-pin socket (service only)
- 6: Rotary knob

Overview

- 7: Labelling strip with:
 - Order number
 - Serial number
 - Hardware version number
 - 2D code
- 8: Connection terminal X2
- 9: Connection terminal X4
- 10: LEDs

Safety

3 Safety

3.1 Intended use

The PWM relay PNOZ s50 is designed for use in safety-related applications.

The device meets the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1 up to PL e and EN IEC 62061 up to SIL CL 3. For example, it is designed for use with

- Mechanical holding brakes.
- Valves.

The following is deemed improper use in particular

- Any component, technical or electrical modification to the product,
- Use of the product outside the areas described in this manual,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the technical details (see Technical details [☐ 65]).



NOTICE

EMC-compliant electrical installation

The product is designed for use in an industrial environment. The product may cause interference if installed in other environments. If installed in other environments, measures should be taken to comply with the applicable standards and directives for the respective installation site with regard to interference.

Please note the following safety guidelines:

Hazard analysis

The machine manufacturer must produce a hazard analysis for the machine. He must take appropriate measures to ensure that unexpected movements do not lead to hazardous situations for either people or equipment.

Demands on the safety controller

- The PNOZ s50 may only be operated in conjunction with a higher level safety controller.
- The outputs on the safety controller used to activate fast shutdown must be tested to detect shorts across contacts and earth faults.
- The fault signal output O3 must be evaluated together with status outputs O4 (if O1+/O1- is used) and O5 (if O2+/O2- is used), if this is demanded by the plant/machine's safety requirements. Processing of these signals is used to check the feasibility of the signal states. Evaluation of these signals must be suitable to achieve a safe condition for the application.

Demands on the connected, inductive load

The inductive load must guarantee the demands on the safety function in a de-energised state. For example, in a de-energised state a connected safe brake must always be applied, must stop a hazardous movement and must prevent unintended start-up.

Safety

Slow shutdown in the event of a fault

When designing a safe application, you should consider that a slow shutdown instead of a fast shutdown may be effective in the event of a fault. A connected brake may have a longer stopping distance.

Slow shutdown

- The power circuit's slow shutdown is not safety-related. It may only be used when permitted by the hazard analysis.
- To shut down the inductive load safely, the fast shutdown must be activated after the slow shutdown. That way the load has a dual-pole shutdown.

Measures against unexpected start-up

Appropriate measures must be taken to prevent unexpected start-up or unexpected movements from plant standstill.

Wiring measures

- The effective current at terminals B1/B2 to supply the power circuits must not exceed 11 A. The cables must be fitted with a 13 A fuse, characteristic B/C.
- The cables for the unit's supply voltage (A1/A2) must be fitted with a 4 A fuse, characteristic B/C.
- The wiring must be designed to achieve sufficient noise immunity and protection against noise emissions in terms of EMC. Please also refer to DIN EN 60204-1 (Electrical equipment of machines).
- Appropriate wiring measures should be taken to avoid earth faults and shorts between contacts.

Display

The correct display of configuration data and messages are part of the device's safety concept. If the display is faulty (e.g. pixels are missing, faulty letters or numbers), the device must be taken out of service.

Checking the safety function

The machine manufacturer must check and verify the functionality of the employed safety functions.

The safety function may only be checked by qualified personnel.

The safety function must be checked

- After initial commissioning
- After changing the configuration of the safety functions
- After swapping the PNOZ s50 or connected equipment

A full check comprises

- Proper execution of the employed safety functions
- Inspection of the parameters

Safety PILZ

The result of the check on each safety function must be documented in a test report. This test report must be signed.

Regular checks

The PNOZ s50 uses appropriate tests to guarantee that it functions safely (see chapter entitled "Function description", under "Output test [23]"). It does not test the entire safety function. You should check this at regular intervals. The aim of these regular checks is to uncover any changes to the plant/machine, safety functions and ambient conditions. In particular you should regularly check the function of the connected brake.

You must comply with the requirements of the applicable national regulations.

The intervals you select will depend on the application, the overall system and the associated risk analysis.

3.2 Safety regulations

3.2.1 Safety assessment

Before using a device it is necessary to perform a safety assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive.

Functional safety is guaranteed for the product as a single component. However, this does not guarantee the functional safety of the overall plant/machine. In order to achieve the required safety level for the overall plant/machine, define the safety requirements for the plant/machine and then define how these must be implemented from a technical and organisational standpoint.

3.2.2 Use of qualified personnel

The products may only be assembled, installed, programmed, commissioned, operated, maintained and decommissioned by competent persons.

A competent person is a qualified and knowledgeable person who, because of their training, experience and current professional activity, has the specialist knowledge required. To be able to inspect, assess and operate devices, systems and machines, the person has to be informed of the state of the art and the applicable national, European and international laws, directives and standards.

It is the company's responsibility only to employ personnel who

- Are familiar with the basic regulations concerning health and safety / accident prevention,
- Have read and understood the information provided in the section entitled Safety
- Have a good knowledge of the generic and specialist standards applicable to the specific application.

3.2.3 Warranty and liability

All claims to warranty and liability will be rendered invalid if

- The product was used contrary to the purpose for which it is intended,
- Damage can be attributed to not having followed the guidelines in the manual,
- Operating personnel are not suitably qualified,

Any type of modification has been made (e.g. exchanging components on the PCB boards, soldering work etc.).

3.2.4 Disposal

- In safety-related applications, please comply with the mission time $T_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$ in the safety-related characteristic data.
- When decommissioning, please comply with local regulations regarding the disposal of electronic devices (e.g. Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act).

4 Function description

4.1 Introduction

The PWM relay PNOZ s50 is used for the safety-related shutdown of inductive loads.

It has two power outputs to activate two independent, inductive loads. Each power circuit is switched independently by two inputs. Two feedback loops monitor the switch status of the inductive loads. Two failsafe outputs signal the switch status of the inductive loads to the higher level safety controller. A failsafe fault signal output signals any fault to a higher level safety controller.

The device is configurable. All the parameters can be set via a rotary knob with pushbutton. The state of the inputs and outputs, the configuration and any faults are shown on a display. The configuration is stored on a chip card.

There is an integrated counter, which records the number of operations for each power circuit. The counter can be used to monitor the brake's service life.

Block diagram

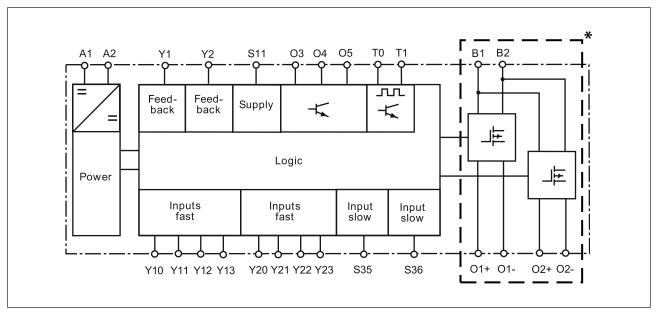


Fig.: Block diagram

- * Potential isolation, potential connection:
- Potential isolation between the supply voltages A1/A2 and B1/B2.
- Potential connection between the power outputs O1+/O1-, O2+/O2- and the supply voltage B1/B2.
- Potential connection between the semiconductor inputs and single-pole outputs, voltage output and supply voltage A1/A2.

4.2 Functions

4.2.1 Switching the power circuits on and off (fast shutdown)

The device has two safe dual-pole outputs O1+/O1- (power circuit 1) and O2+/O2-(power circuit 2), which can be switched using inputs Y10/Y11 (power circuit 1) and Y20/Y21 (power circuit 2):

- Switch-on (brake is released):
 - O1+/O1- is switched on when there is a "1" signal (24 VDC) at Y10 and Y11.
 - O2+/O2- is switched on when there is a "1" signal (24 VDC) at Y20 and Y21.
 - Partial operation is not time-monitored. An output will not switch until both the corresponding inputs are "1".
- Switch-off (brake is applied):
 - O1+/O1- is switched off safely when there is a "0" signal (0 VDC) at Y10 and/or Y11.
 - O2+/O2- is switched off safely when there is a "0" signal (0 VDC) at Y20 and/or Y21.



INFORMATION

Please note that when using fast shutdown, the inputs for slow shutdown (S35 and S36) must have a "1" signal.

Power circuit 1	Y10	Y11	O1+, O1-	
	1	1	1	Load under current (power circuit 1 switched on)
	1	0	0	Load without current (power circuit
	0	1 switched off)	1 switched off)	
	0	0	0	
Power circuit 2	Y20	Y21	O2+, O2-	
	1	1	1	Load under current (power circuit 2 switched on)
	1	0	0	Load without current (power circuit
	0	1	0	2 switched off)
	0	0	0	

The power circuits are supplied via the terminals B1/B2 with the voltage U_{B1B2} (voltage range: rated voltage 24 V, 48 VDC).

Both poles are switched (e.g. O1+, O1-).



INFORMATION

Max. current at the power circuits

It is essential to note that the effective current at terminals B1/B2 to supply the power circuits must not exceed 11 A. The cables must be fitted with a 13 A fuse, characteristic B/C.

At the safe inputs Y10 and Y11 / Y20 and Y21, a "0" signal must be present before the corresponding output O1+/O1- / O2+/O2- can be switched by a "1" signal at both inputs, otherwise a fault is signalled. The following diagram illustrates this point, using the dual-pole input Y10/Y11 and output O1+/O1- as an example.

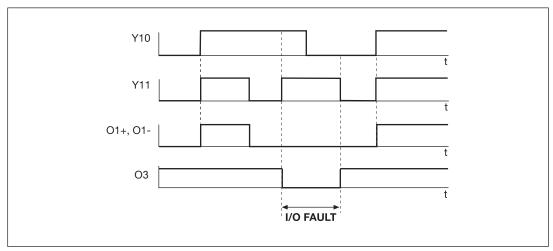


Fig.: Start-up condition for inputs Y10/Y11



INFORMATION

Please note: Inputs Y10/Y11 switch output O1+/O1-; inputs Y20/Y21 switch output O2+/O2-. In the event of a fault, however, both outputs will switch off. Status outputs O4/O5 also switch off, irrespective of the switch status of the inductive load. At the time an input, e.g. Y11, is switched on, if the other input, e.g. Y10, is not at "0", the fault signal output O3 will signal a fault via a "0" signal.

After the output O1+/O1- and/or O2+/O2- is switched on, the voltage U_{B1B2} is available for a configurable overexcitation time U_{over} . Once the overexcitation time t_{over} has elapsed, the voltage is reduced through pulse width modulation (PWM). The overexcitation time t_{over} and the reduced voltage U_{Avq} are configured via the display.



INFORMATION

The overexcitation time t_{over} can also be switched off for each power circuit. In this case, the output voltage of the power circuits O1+/O1- and/or O2+/O2- equals the supply voltage U_{B1B2} .

Function description PILZ

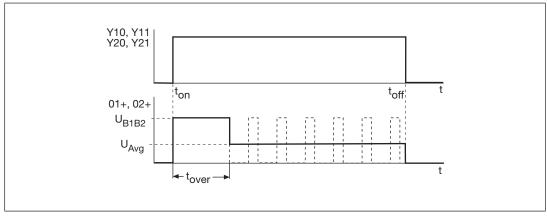


Fig.: Switching the power circuits on and off

Legend:

- Y10, Y11, Y20, Y21: Safe inputs to switch the outputs O1+, O2+
- O1+, O2+: Safe outputs, power circuit 1 and 2
- ▶ U_{B1B2}: Supply voltage to the power circuits
- t_{on}: Switch on power circuit
- ▶ t_{over}: Configured overexcitation time
- t_{off}: Switch off power circuit
- U_{Avg}: Configured reduced voltage (arithmetic mean of the voltage at the outputs once the overexcitation time has elapsed)

Inputs Y10, Y11 (or Y20, Y21) can be activated via single-pole or dual-pole safe outputs.



INFORMATION

Details of the wiring can be found in the chapter entitled "Commissioning", under "Wiring [27]".

4.2.2 Switching the power circuits on and off (slow shutdown S35, S36)

If the switching times are not critical, the loads at the power circuits can also be shut down slowly. A connected brake is permitted to have longer application times, for example. The brake switches with lower noise and is lower wearing.



NOTICE

The power circuit's slow shutdown is not safety-related. It may only be used when permitted by the hazard analysis.

To shut down the inductive load safely, the fast shutdown must be activated after the slow shutdown. That way the brake has a dual-pole shutdown.

A 1/0 pulse edge at one of the slow shutdown inputs (S35 or S36) switches off the corresponding power circuit (O1+, O2+) in single-pole mode. A flywheel diode means that the current only dissipates the magnetic field slowly.



INFORMATION

Please note that when using slow shutdown, the inputs for fast shutdown (Y10/Y11 and Y20/21) must have a "1" signal.

Power circuit 1	S35	O1+, O1-	
	1	1	Load under current (power circuit 1 switched on)
	0	0	Load without current (power circuit 1 switched off)
Power circuit 2	S36	O2+, O2-	
	1	1	Load under current (power circuit 2 switched on)
	0	0	Load without current (power circuit 2 switched off)



INFORMATION

Please note: Input S35 switches output O1+/O1-; input S36 switches output O2+/O2-. In the event of a fault, however, both outputs will switch off.



INFORMATION

If slow shutdown is not being used, 24 VDC must be permanently applied to terminals S35 and S36 (see section entitled "Conditions for fast and slow shutdown").

4.2.3 Conditions for fast and slow shutdown

To shut down the power circuits, the following conditions must be met:

Shutdown O1+, O1-	Y10/Y11	S35
Fast	1/0 pulse edge	1
Slow	1	1/0 pulse edge

Shutdown O2+, O2-	Y20/Y21	S36
Fast	1/0 pulse edge	1
Slow	1	1/0 pulse edge

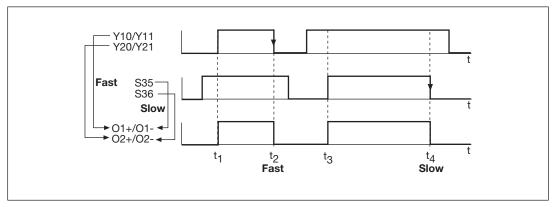


Fig.: Conditions for fast and slow shutdown



NOTICE

Please note that a fast shutdown has priority over a slow shutdown. Only a fast shutdown is safety-related.

Legend:

- Fast: Fast shutdown
- Slow: Slow shutdown
- t_1 :and t_3 Switch-on: Y10, Y11, S35 = 1, O1+/O1- switches on; Y20, Y21, S36 = 1, O2+/O2- switches on
- t₂: Fast shutdown via 1/0 pulse edge from Y10/Y11 or Y20/Y21
- b t₄: Slow shutdown via 1/0 pulse edge from S35 or S36



NOTICE

Please note that if there is a fault on the negative pole (O1-, O2-) of the power circuit, the load only shuts down in single-pole mode. The load will only execute a slow shutdown. The reaction time of the overall application may be extended accordingly.

4.2.4 Feedback loop Y1, Y2

The operating state of the inductive load can be uploaded, for example, via

- Micro switches
- Proximity switches
- Hall sensors



NOTICE

The device may only be operated if the feedback loops Y1 and Y2 evaluate the switch state of the connected equipment. The device may not be operated unless the feedback loops are connected.

Equipment with a reaction time of < 3 ms cannot be used. The device switches to the "I/O Fault" state.

The feedback loop can be configured for N/C or N/O contacts.

The 24 V voltage outputs S11 of the PNOZ s50 can be used to provide the 24 V DC supply to the equipment in the feedback loop. This is only permitted if no test pulses are configured for the feedback loops, otherwise a fault is signalled.

The feedback loop will only be evaluated after a max. release and application time, which is to be configured. Contact bounce during application or release of the equipment is ignored.

- Max. release time: Period within which the load must be released once the power circuit is switched on.
- Max. application time: Period within which the load must be applied once the power circuit is switched off.

The max. release and application time, plus the switch-on behaviour (N/C / N/O) are configured via the display. The max. application time is configured separately for slow and fast shutdown. The max. release time is configured jointly for slow and fast shutdown.

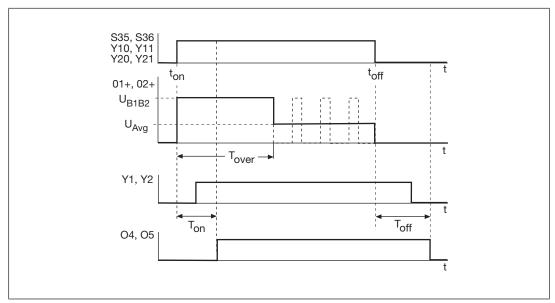


Fig.: Release and application time

Legend:

- Y10, Y11, Y20, Y21: Safe inputs to switch the outputs O1+/O1-, O2+/O2-
- O1+, O2+: Safe outputs, power circuit 1 and 2
- U_{B1B2}: Supply voltage to the power circuits
- t_{on}: Switch on power circuit
- t_{over}: Configured overexcitation time
- t_{off}: Switch off power circuit
- U_{Avg}: Configured reduced voltage (arithmetic mean of the voltage at the outputs once the overexcitation time has elapsed)
- Y1, Y2: Feedback loops
- T_{on}: Configured duration of max. release time
- ► T_{off}: Configured duration of max. application time
- O4, O5: Failsafe outputs for status of the load, change in state after T_{on} and T_{off} have elapsed

4.2.5 Test pulse outputs T0, T1

Feedback loops Y1 and Y2 can be assigned test pulses. The PNOZ s50 has 2 test pulse outputs, T0 and T1.



INFORMATION

The feedback loop can only use test pulses if mechanical switches are used to feed back the switch status.

The test pulses can be activated via the display. The test pulses are activated in the default setting.

The test pulses are permanently assigned to the feedback loop inputs:

- T0 pulses the feedback loop Y1
- T1 pulses the feedback loop Y2



NOTICE

The test pulses can only be activated simultaneously for both feedback loops Y1 and Y2.

4.2.6 Signal and status outputs O3, O4, O5

Single-pole failsafe semiconductor outputs signal the operating status of the load and indicate a fault.



NOTICE

The fault signal output O3 must be evaluated together with status outputs O4 (if O1+/O1- is used) and O5 (if O2+/O2- is used), if this is demanded by the plant/machine's safety requirements. Processing of these signals is used to check the feasibility of the signal states. The signals must be evaluated in such a way that they lead to a safe condition for the application.

Fault signal output	О3	
	1	No fault, LED "I/O Fault" and "Fault" is off
	0	Fault, LED "I/O Fault" or "Fault" is lit
Status outputs	04	
They signal the status of the	1	Load at O1+/O1- released
load after the release or ap-	0	Load at O1+/O1- applied
plication time has elapsed.	O5	
	1	Load at O2+/O2- released
	0	Load at O2+/O2- applied

4.2.7 Output test

Outputs that are switched on are checked via regular off tests.

- Test pulses for outputs that are switched on, see Technical details [65]
- Outputs that are switched on are switched off for the duration of the test pulse.
- The reaction time of the load must be greater than the duration of the off test pulse.
- The load must not drop because of the test.
- The off tests cannot be turned off.

Outputs that are switched off are checked via regular on tests.

- Test pulses for outputs that are switched off, see Technical details [4] 65]
- Outputs that are switched off are switched on for the duration of the test pulse.
- The load must not be released because of the test.

Testing for shorts

A test is regularly carried out to check for shorts between the outputs.

4.3 Status display, configuration and messages

4.3.1 Overview

The configuration is set using the device's rotary knob with pushbutton and is then displayed. Access to the configuration menu is password-protected.

The following device properties can be configured:

- Supply voltage to the power circuits
- Signals to the outputs of the power circuits:
 - Overexcitation time
 - Reduced voltage
- Feedback loop:
 - Max. ventilation and application time
 - High or low logic (N/O or N/C)
 - Evaluation of test pulses
- Offset (start value) for the number of operations

Additional information on the display:

- Status display
- Number of operations
- States of inputs and outputs
- Information on the device
- Software versions
- Error messages



INFORMATION

Further information on the configuration can be found in the section entitled "Commissioning", under "Display menu and configuration [33]".

4.3.2 Chip card

The set parameters, the device ID and the check sum for device configuration are stored on the chip card (for further information see chapter entitled "Commissioning", under "Use chip card [34]").

4.4 Reaction time

The reaction time (see Technical details [65]) of the PNOZ s50 is the time between a signal changing at the inputs for fast (Y10/Y11, Y20/Y21) or slow shutdown (S35, S36) and the signal changing at the outputs of the power circuit (O1+/O1-, O2+/O2-). The reaction time takes into account the input filter time, temperature drift and spread of components.

To determine the plant's overall reaction times, the corresponding internal processing times of the higher level safety control system and connected load must also be considered.

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5 Installation

5.1 General installation guidelines

Control cabinet installation

- The unit should be installed in a control cabinet with a protection type of at least IP54.
- Fit the unit to a horizontal mounting rail. The venting slots must face upward and downward. Other mounting positions could destroy the device.
- Use the locking element on the rear of the unit to attach it to the mounting rail.
- Push the unit upwards or downwards before lifting it from the mounting rail.



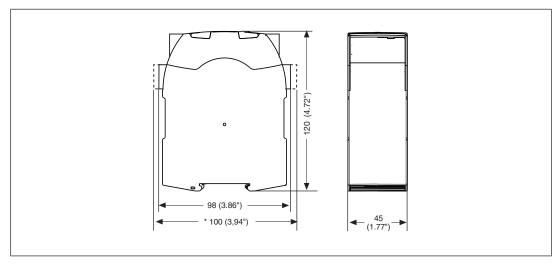
NOTICE

Damage due to electrostatic discharge!

Electrostatic discharge can damage components. Ensure against discharge before touching the product, e.g. by touching an earthed, conductive surface or by wearing an earthed armband.

5.1.1 Dimensions

*with spring-loaded terminals



5.2 Mounting distances

Depending on the ambient temperature, with control cabinet installation it may be necessary to maintain a certain distance from the top and bottom, as well as to other heat-producing devices (see diagram).

The values stated for the mounting distances are minimum specifications. Details of whether a distance needs to be maintained can be found in the section entitled "Supplementary data [44 70]".

Air conditioning may otherwise be required.

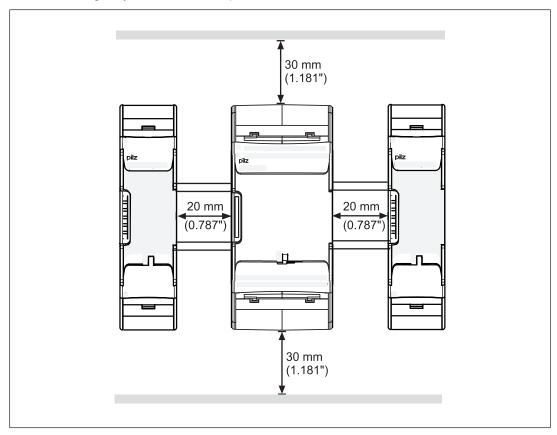


Fig.: Mounting distances for the PNOZ s50

6.1 Wiring

6.1.1 General wiring guidelines

Please note:

- Information given in the Technical details [65] must be followed.
- Use copper wiring with a temperature stability of 75 °C.
- The wiring must be designed to achieve sufficient noise immunity and protection against noise emissions in terms of EMC. Please also refer to DIN EN 60204-1 (Electrical equipment of machines).

Inputs

Short circuits between the inputs or to a supply line must be excluded through appropriate wiring or must be managed through the higher level controller.

Outputs

- If short circuits occur between the cable from the output to the load and a supply line, it will no longer be possible to switch off the load.
 - Possible remedy: Exclude the error by using separate multicore cable for supply voltages
- Use appropriate wiring to exclude short circuits between the outputs!

6.1.2 Pin assignment

Female connector X1	Terminal	Description
A2 A2 S36 S35 S11 S11 T1 T0	A2	Reference potential for
0 0 0 X 010 0 0 0		- Device's supply voltage
		- Inputs
		- Fault signal and status outputs
	S36	Standard input for slow shutdown, power circuit 2
	S35	Standard input for slow shutdown, power circuit 1
	S11	Voltage output 24 VDC
	S11	Voltage output 24 VDC
	T1	Test pulse output 1
	T0	Test pulse output 0

Female connector X2	Terminal	Description
O1+ O1- Y10 Y11 Y20 Y21	O1+	Failsafe output for power circuit 1, positive
0 0 0X020 0 0 0	O1-	Failsafe output for power circuit 1, negative
	Y10	Failsafe input for fast shutdown, power circuit 1
	Y11	Failsafe input for fast shutdown, power circuit 1
	Y20	Failsafe input for fast shutdown, power circuit 2
	Y21	Failsafe input for fast shutdown, power circuit 2

Female connector X3	Terminal	Description
O5 O4 O3 A2 Y2 Y1 A2 A1	O5	Failsafe output for status, power circuit 2
0 0 0 X 030 0 0 0	O4	Failsafe output for status, power circuit 1
	O3	Failsafe output for fault signal
	A2	0 V supply voltage for device
	Y2	Standard input for feedback loop 2
	Y1	Standard input for feedback loop 1
	A2	0 V supply voltage for device
	A1	24 VDC supply voltage for device

Female connector X4	Terminal	Description
B1 B2 O2+ O2- Y12 Y13 Y23 Y22	B1	Supply voltage of power circuits
0 0 0 X 04 0 0 0 0	B2	Reference potential of the supply voltage to the power circuits
	O2+	Failsafe output for power circuit 2, positive
	O2-	Failsafe output for power circuit 2, negative
	Y12	Reference potential for failsafe inputs for fast shutdown, power circuit 1
	Y13	Reference potential for failsafe inputs for fast shutdown, power circuit 1
	Y23	Reference potential for failsafe inputs for fast shutdown, power circuit 2
	Y22	Reference potential for failsafe inputs for fast shutdown, power circuit 2

6.1.3 Supply voltage for device



WARNING!

Electric shock!

Safe electrical isolation must be ensured for the external power supply that generates the supply voltage. Failure to do so could result in electric shock. The power supplies must comply with EN 60950-1, 05/2006, EN 61558-2-6, 11/1997.

Please note: The supply voltage must be protected with a fuse.

Fuse F1:

Circuit breaker, 24 VDC, 4 A, characteristic B/C

Requirements:

When selecting the power supply, please refer to the requirements stated under Technical details [65].

Make sure that the supply voltage for the unit (A1/A2) complies with the specified tolerance.

6.1.4 Supply voltage for power circuits

Requirements:

When selecting the power supply, please refer to the requirements stated under Technical details [44] 65].

Make sure that the supply voltage for the power circuits (B1/B2) complies with the specified tolerance. If the voltage is outside this tolerance, then

- the device will change to a fault condition, if the outputs are switched on.
- a message will be entered in the error stack if the outputs are switched off.
- The power supply must be able to bridge a power outage of 20 ms.



WARNING!

Electric shock!

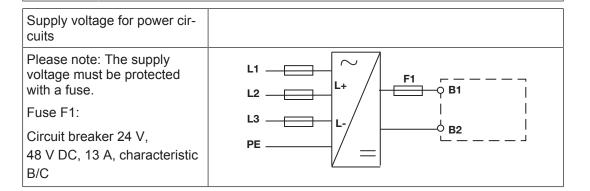
Safe electrical isolation must be ensured for the external power supply that generates the supply voltage. Failure to do so could result in electric shock. The power supplies must comply with EN 60950-1, 05/2006, EN 61558-2-6, 11/1997.



INFORMATION

Max. current at the power circuits

It is essential to note that the effective current at terminals B1/B2 to supply the power circuits must not exceed 11 A. The cables must be fitted with a 13 A fuse, characteristic B/C.



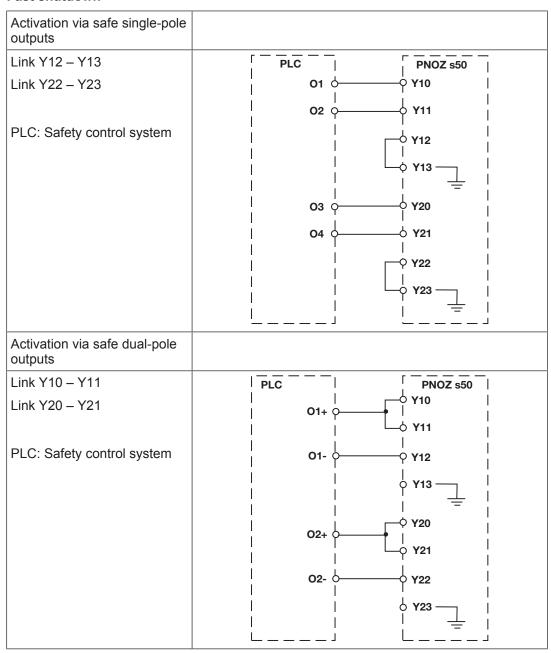
6.1.5 Power circuit

Power circuit	
Dual-pole outputs	01+
Use a separate cable for	
each brake.	02+ 0
	02 -

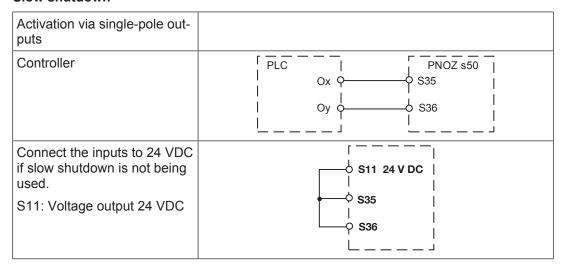
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6.1.6 Inputs

6.1.6.1 Fast shutdown



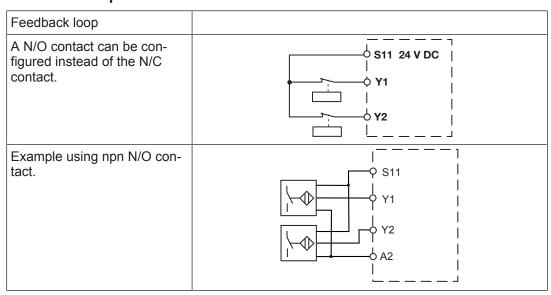
6.1.6.2 Slow shutdown

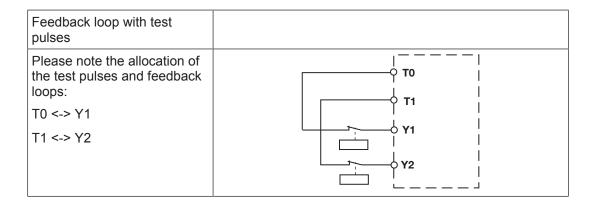


6.1.7 Outputs

Status outputs	
PLC: Safety control system	PNOZ s50 PLC
It is not possible to supply	O3 \$\rightarrow\$ 11
the outputs with test pulses or	O4 0 12
with an external voltage.	05 05 13

6.1.8 Feedback loop





6.2 Display menu and configuration

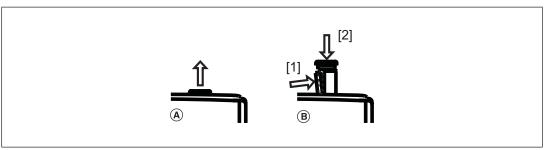
The menu settings are made on the unit's display via a rotary knob. You have the option to make the settings on the knob by hand or with a screwdriver. If you make the settings with a screwdriver, the knob can remain within the unit.



NOTICE

The correct display of configuration data and messages are part of the device's safety concept. If the display is faulty (e.g. pixels are missing, faulty letters or numbers), the device must be taken out of service.

6.2.1 Operate rotary knob



Pull out knob (A):

- until it locks into position
- Release knob (B) and push it back into the unit:
 - Press the bar on the side of the knob [1] towards the centre of the knob. This releases the knob.
 - Press the knob downwards [2] while keeping the bar pressed in

6.2.2 Configure device

The settings are made via the rotary knob, as follows:



Press knob

- Confirm selection/setting
- Switch to menu



Rotate knob

- Select menu level
- Set the parameter/numeric value

The display is backlit. It is

- switched on by turning or pressing the rotary knob.
- switched off if the rotary knob has not been operated for 30 seconds.



NOTICE

Please note that all parameters are set to their default values on delivery.

Please check all the safety-related parameters at least, and enter the values that correspond to your application.

6.2.3 Password protection

The configuration is password-protected.

- Parameters can only be changed once a password has been entered.
- Factory setting for the password: 000000
- ▶ The pasword consists of 6 figures in the range 000000 ... 999999.
- The password can be changed at any time in the menu.



INFORMATION

- Please note: Remember the assigned password. Without this password you will not be able to change the configuration.
- For details of how to enter the password, see the section entitled "Status display and configuration [42]", Level 2: Entering the password.
- For details of how to change the password, see the section entitled
 "Status display and configuration [42]", Level 3: Configuration.

6.2.4 Use chip card

The parameters that are set on a device are stored on the chip card. The data is stored along with a device identifier and check sum. We recommend that you always operate the unit with a chip card.

When the chip card is inside the unit,

- The chip card is checked to verify the device identifier, valid parameters, and ensure that the data is identical.
- Device parameters are automatically saved to the chip card during configuration. As a result, the chip card always contains a copy of the unit's current internal data.

When the device is switched on in the Power On operating state (all LEDs illuminate briefly) a test is carried out to check whether

a chip card is inserted or just an empty chip card holder.

- b data on the chip card matches the data in the device.
- data on the chip card is valid.



INFORMATION

For details of the procedure when a message appears on the display, please see the section entitled "Display menu at cold start".

In the Configuration operating state ("Run" LED flashes):

▶ The data is written to the chip card during configuration.

In the RUN operating state ("Run" LED is lit):

- The chip card containing a valid configuration must be inserted.
- The chip card must not be removed during operation.

6.2.4.1 Insert chip card

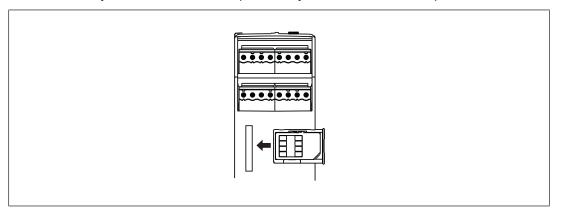


NOTICE

The chip card contact is only guaranteed if the contact surface is clean and undamaged. For this reason please protect the chip card's contact surface from

- Contamination
- Contact
- Mechanical impact, such as scratches.

Make sure that you do not bend the chip card as you insert it into the chip card slot.



6.2.5 Save configuration with Software SmartCardCommander

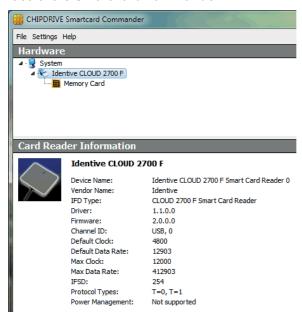
You have the option to save a PNOZ s50 configuration from the chip card to your computer. The configuration can be saved on the computer and then downloaded to other chip cards.

To do this you will need the chip card reader **PNOZ Chip Card Reader** with the corresponding **SmartCardCommander** software. Both are available from Pilz as accessories, individually or as part of a set (see Order references Accessories [71]).

Save PNOZ s50 configuration on the computer

 Make a note of the configuration's CRC in the PNOZ s50. It is shown on the display in the Information/ Configuration CRC menu. This will be needed later to check whether the correct configuration is saved on the device.

- 2. Remove the chip card from the PNOZ s50 and insert it into the holder for the chip card reader.
- 3. Start the **SmartCardCommander** software.
- 4. Insert the holder containing the chip card into the chip card reader.
- 5. The **Memory Card** directory is displayed in a list under **Hardware** on the software interface of the **SmartCardCommander**.



- 6. To read the data on the chip card, click on the **Memory Card** directory and then select **Read Data from Card**.
- 7. When **Data read successfully** is displayed on the software interface, the data can be saved as a hex file in any directory on the computer.
- 8. Make sure that the corresponding configuration CRC, which you noted down, is saved in the same directory.

Download configuration from the computer to the PNOZ s50

- 1. Insert a chip card into the holder for the chip card reader and insert this into the chip card reader.
- 2. Start the SmartCardCommander software.
- 3. To write the chip card, select Write Data to Card and confirm with Yes.
- 4. Insert the chip card in the PNOZ s50.
- To ensure that the configuration has been transferred correctly, check that the CRC for the configuration in the PNOZ s50 matches the configuration CRC you noted down on the computer.



CAUTION!

With each transfer, you must check that the appropriate configuration for an application is transferred to a device!

6.2.6 Display and configuration

6.2.6.1 Menu overview

The following diagrams illustrate the principle structure of the configuration menu on the display.

The menu consists of

- Messages at cold start, if there are problems with the chip card.
- Level 1: Status indicators, error stack
- Level 2: Password entry
- Level 3: Configuration

The displayed symbols illustrate the operation of the rotary knob.

	Rotate knob
Ħ	Press knob

Level 1 and 2: Status indicators and password entry

Status information is displayed when the device is switched on. This level is not password-protected.

The state of the signals is displayed as follows:

Icon	Description
	Signal inactive
X	Signal active

The password is entered in Level 2. It authorises configuration of the device in Level 3.

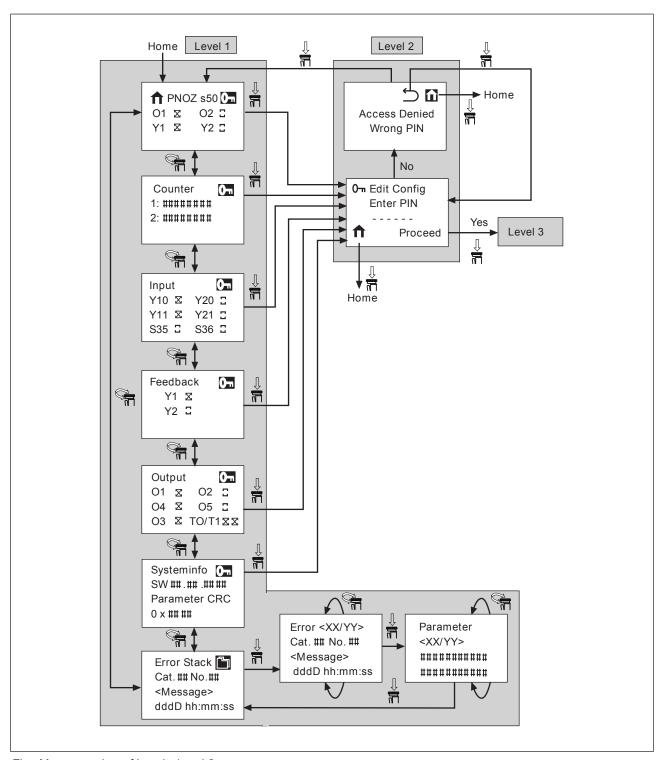


Fig.: Menu overview of Levels 1 and 2

PILZ

Level 3: Configuration

The device is configured in Level 3.

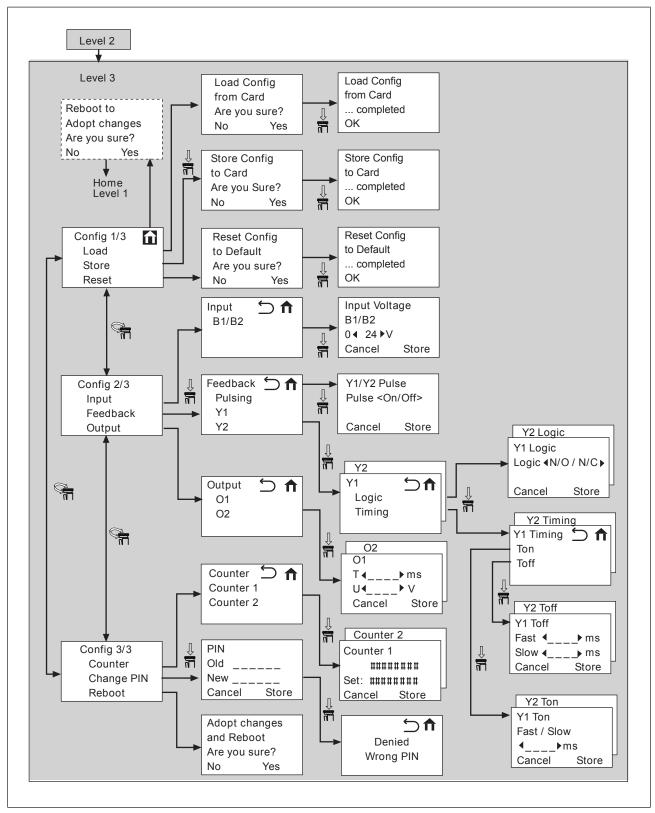


Fig.: Menu overview of Level 3

6.2.6.2 Operate menus and enter values

Various navigational aids are available on the display:

- Tags
- Text fields

Tags

Icon	Description
$\stackrel{\smile}{\sim}$	Returns to the previous menu
n	Exits the configuration menu (Level 3) and switches to the home menu (Level 1)
	Switches from the current error in the error stack
O-n	Switches to the password menu (Level 2)

Text fields

Text field	Description
Cancel or No	Rejects all the changes and returns to the previous menu
Proceed	Confirms the password entry and jumps to the configuration menu (Level 3)
Store or Yes	Saves all the changes and returns to the previous menu
ОК	Confirms the displayed chip card message and jumps to the configuration menu

To move within a menu and switch to another menu, proceed as follows:

- Turn the rotary knob to jump from line to line.
 The position within the menu is highlighted.
- 2. Press the rotary knob to move to the next menu or to the previous menu.

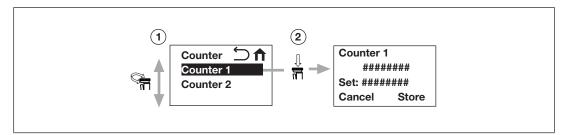


Fig.: Moving from line to line

To change values in a menu, follow the instructions below:

- 1. Turn the rotary knob to jump from line to line.
- 2. Press the rotary knob. Only then is it possible to change a numeric value.
 - The selected area flashes. Values can now be changed.
- 3. Turn the rotary knob to switch between numeric values.
- 4. Press the rotary knob to complete the entry.

Commissioning

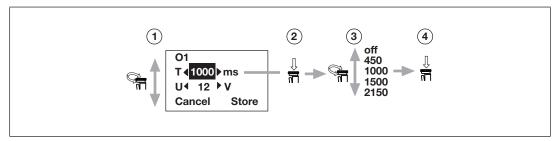


Fig.: Changing numeric values

6.2.6.3 Display menu at cold start

When the unit is switched on and in the Power On operating state (cold start), the memory contents of the unit and the chip card are read and compared. If there are any deviations, messages will appear.

Overview	Display	Description
No Chipcard detected No chip card and no chip card holder in the unit.	No Chipcard detected Proceed? No Yes	No – Restart the unit Yes – Switch to RUN operat- ing state, without a chip card inserted
Chipcard is Defect The chip card is defective or Only the chip card holder is inserted.	Chipcard is defect, remove or replace Proceed	Proceed – Restart the unit
Memories are unequal The parameters on the chip card and in the device memory are not identical.	Memories are unequal, Copy Ext. To Int. ? Int. To Ext. ?	Copy from Ext. Memory and Restart? No Yes Copy from Int. Memory and Restart? No Yes
	Memories are unequal, Copy Ext. To Int. ? Int. To Ext. ?	Ext. To Int. – Switch to the next menu to download parameters from the chip card to the device memory Int. To Ext. – Switch to the next menu to upload parameters from the device memory to the chip card

Overview	Display	Description
	Copy from Ext. Memory	No – Return to the previous menu
	and Restart? No Yes	Yes – Download parameters from the chip card to the device memory
	Copy from Int. Memory and Restart? No Yes	No – Return to the previous menu Yes – Upload parameters from the device memory to the chip card
Chipcard is Invalid The parameters on the chip card are invalid.	Cipcard is Invalid, Copy Int. to Ext.? No Yes	No – Restart the unit Yes – Upload parameters from the device memory to the chip card

6.2.6.4 Status display and configuration

Level 1: Status indicators

Overview	Display	Description	
PNOZ s50 C Start-up display	↑ PNOZ s50 () O1 ⊠ O2 □ Y1 ⊠ Y2 □	PNOZ s50 – Device name O1, O2 – Outputs of the power circuits O1 and O2 Y1, Y2 – Standard inputs of feedback loops 1 and 2.	
Counter Number of operations	Counter 1: ######## 2: ########	1: Counter for output O1+/ O1- 2: Counter for output O2+/ O2-	
Systeminfo	Systeminfo SW ## .## ### Parameter CRC 0 x ## ##	SW: Software version of device, e.g. 01.01.0001 Parameter CRC: Check sum covering the device configuration	

Overview	Display	Description
Input States of the inputs are displayed	Input	Y10 – Failsafe input 0 for fast shutdown, power circuit 1 Y11 – Failsafe input 1 for fast shutdown, power circuit 1 Y20 – Failsafe input 0 for fast shutdown, power circuit 2 Y20 – Failsafe input 1 for fast shutdown, power circuit 2 S35 – Standard input for slow shutdown, power circuit 1 S36 – Standard input for slow shutdown, power circuit 2
Feedback States of the feedback loops are displayed	Feedback ()- Y1 ⊠ Y2 □	Y1 – Standard input for feed- back loop 1 Y2 – Standard input for feed- back loop 2
Output States of the outputs are displayed	Output	O1 – Failsafe output for power circuit 1 O2 – Failsafe output for power circuit 2 O3 – Failsafe output for fault signal O4 – Failsafe output for status of power circuit 1 O5 – Failsafe output for status of power circuit 1 TO/T1 – Test pulse output 0/1

Overview	Display	Description	
Error Stack Error messages are displayed	Error Stack Cat. ## No.## <message> dddD hh:mm:ss</message>	Current error stack entry Cat. – Error class (hexadecimal) No. – Error number (hexadecimal) <message> – Error text dddD hh:mm:ss – Poweron time since Power On: Days, hours, minutes, seconds</message>	
	Error <xx yy=""> Cat. ## No. ## <message> dddD hh:mm:ss</message></xx>	Error stack entries <xx yy=""> – Entry number/ number of entries (decimal) Cat. – Error class (hexadecimal) No. – Error number (hexadecimal) <message> – Error text dddD hh:mm:ss – Poweron time since error occurred: Days, hours, minutes, seconds</message></xx>	
	Parameter <xx yy=""> ###################################</xx>	Parameters of a selected entry in the error stack <xx yy=""> — Current parameter/number of available parameters (decimal) Faulty inputs/outputs or 0x######## — Parameters (hexadecimal), grouped by MSB and LSB</xx>	

Level 2: Password entry

Overview	Display	Description
PIN	0- Edit Config Enter PIN	Field for entering the password
Password entry	n Proceed	Proceed – Confirm entry and jump to Level 3
		Home – To start menu, without confirming entry
	Access Denied Wrong PIN	You entered an incorrect password. Back – Back to password entry
		Home – Back to start menu

Commissioning

Level 3: Configuration

The device is supplied with the following parameters:

Function	Terminal	Description	Parameter	Value	In display menu
Supply voltage, power circuits 1 and 2	B1/B2	Supply voltage	Input Voltage	24 V	Input -> Input Voltage
Test pulse	Y1/Y2	Test pulses on feed- back loops	Pulsing	On	Feedback -> Pulsing -> Y1/Y2 Pulse
Power circuit 1	O1+/O1-	Reduced voltage	U	6 V	Output -> O1
		Overexcitation time	Т	100 ms	Output -> O1
	Y1	Maximum release time	Ton	30 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Ton
		Maximum application time, fast shutdown	Toff fast	30 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Toff
		Maximum application time, slow shutdown	Toff slow	30 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Toff
		Logic of feedback loop	Logic	N/C	Feedback -> Y1 -> Logic -> Y1 Logic
Power circuit 2	O2+/O2-	Reduced voltage	U	6 V	Output -> O2
		Overexcitation time	Т	100 ms	Output -> O2
	Y2	Maximum release time	Ton	30 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Ton
		Maximum application time, fast shutdown	Toff fast	30 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Toff
		Maximum application time, slow shutdown	Toff slow	30 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Toff
		Logic of feedback loop 2	Logic	NC	Feedback -> Y2 -> Logic -> Y2 Logic



INFORMATION

The device must be restarted if the configuration has been changed (see section entitled "Restart device [51]").

Overview	Display	Description		
Switch to submenus				
Config 1/3	Config 1/3 Load Store Reset	Load – Switches to the Load menu to download the configuration from the chip card Store – Switches to the Store menu to save the configuration to the chip card Reset – Switches to the Reset menu to reset the configuration to the default settings		
Config 2/3	Config 2/3 Input Feedback Output	Input – Switches to the Input menu to configure the supply voltage for the power element Feedback – Switches to the Feedback		
		menu to configure the feedback loops Output – Switches to the Output menu to configure the properties of the power outputs O1+/O1- and O2+/O2-		
Config 3/3	Config 3/3 Counter Change PIN Reboot	Counter – Switches to the Counter menu to enter a start value for the counter Change PIN – Switches to the Change PIN menu to change the password Reboot – Switches to the Reboot menu to restart the device		
Load configuration	from chip card			
Load Config from Card Download parameters from the chip card to the device	Load Config from Card Are you sure? No Yes	Are you sure? – Security prompt No – Do not download parameters from chip card Yes – Download parameters from chip card		
Load Config from Card completed Download of para- meters is complete	Load Config from Card completed OK	OK – Confirm		
Save configuration to chip card				
Store Config to Card Download parameters from the device to the chip card	Store Config to Card Are you Sure? No Yes	Are you sure? - Security prompt No – Do not save parameters to chip card Yes – Save parameters to chip card		

Overview	Display	Description	
Store Config to Card completed Saving of paramet- ers from the unit is complete	Store Config to Card completed OK	OK - Confirm	
Restore default set	tings		
Reset Config to Default Reset configuration to default settings	Reset Config to Default Are you sure? No Yes	Are you sure? – Security prompt No – Do not load default settings Yes – Load default settings	
Reset Config to Default completed Resetting of the configuration to the default settings is complete	Reset Config to Default completed OK	OK – Confirm	
Configure supply v	oltage B1/B2 to the pow	ver circuits	
Input Switch to the menu for the supply voltage to the power circuits	Input ← 🚡 🚡 B1/B2	B1/B2 – Switch to the Input Voltage menu to configure the inputs B1/B2	
Input Voltage Configure the supply voltage to the power circuits	Input Voltage B1/B2 U 4 24 ▶ V Cancel Store	U < 24 > V – Select supply voltage for power circuit, values: 24 V, 48 V Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry Store – Confirm entry	
Configure feedback	c loops Y1 and Y2		
Feedback Configure feedback loops	Feedback The Pulsing Y1 Y2	Pulsing – Configure test pulses Y1 – Switch to the Y1 menu to configure feedback loop Y1 Y2 – Switch to the Y2 menu to configure feedback loop Y2	
Y1/Y2 Pulse Activate test pulse	Y1/Y2 Pulse Pulse ∢ On/Off ▶ Cancel Store	Pulse On: Test pulse on Pulse Off: Test pulse off Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry Store – Confirm entry	
		Please note: The test pulses can only be activated simultaneously for both feedback loops Y1 and Y2.	

Overview	Display	Description
Y1 or Y2 Switch to submenus for configuration of the feedback loops Y1 Logic or Y2 Logic Define N/C or N/O contact in the feedback loop	Y2 Y1 Logic Timing Y2 Logic Y1 Logic Logic ∢N/O / N/C ▶ Cancel Store	Logic – Switch to Logic Y1 or Logic Y2 menu Timing – Switch to Timing Y1 or Timing Y2 menu Logic < N/O /N/C> - Input logic for feed- back loop Y1 or Y2: N/O: N/O contact N/C: N/C contact Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry
Y1 Timing or Y2 Timing	Y2 Timing Y1 Timing Ton Toff	Store – Confirm entry Ton – Switch to submenu for configuration of the max. release time Toff – Switch to submenu for configuration of the max. application time
Y1 Ton or Y2 Ton Configure max. re- lease time for fast and slow shutdown	Y2 Ton Y1 Ton Fast / Slow >ms Cancel Store	Slow / Fast < 500 > ms – Max. release time Values: 30 4000 ms configurable in steps The max. release times are the same for fast and slow shutdown. Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry Store – Confirm entry
Y1 Toff or Y2 Toff Configure max. application time for fast and slow shutdown	Y2 Toff Y1 Toff Fast ◀▶ ms Slow ◀▶ ms Cancel Store	Fast < 500 > ms – Max. application time for fast shutdown Slow < 500 > ms – Max. application time for slow shutdown Values: 30 4000 ms configurable in steps Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry Store – Confirm entry
Configure power ci	rcuits O1+/O1- and O2+	HO2-
Output Configure power circuits	Output 🖒 🔝 O1 O2	O1 – Switch to the O1 menu to configure power circuit 1 O2 – Switch to the O2 menu to configure power circuit 2
		POWOI GITCUIT Z

Overview	Display	Description		
O1 or O2 Configure overexcitation time and reduced voltage	O2 O1 T > ms U > V Cancel Store	O1 or O2 T < 1000 > ms - Configure overexcitation time, values: off, 100 2500 ms configurable in steps. If "off" is configured, the voltage at B1/B2 is connected directly to outputs O1 or O2 without reduction. Any value entered for the reduced voltage will not be evaluated. U < 12 > V - Configure reduced voltage, values: 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, 48 V Store - Confirm entry Cancel - Exit menu without confirming the entry		
Configure counter				
Counter Specify offset for number of operations	Counter Counter 1 Counter 2	Counter 1 – Event counter 1 - Switch to the Counter 1 menu to configure the number of operations for power circuit O1+/O1- Counter 2 – Event counter 2 - Switch to the Counter 2 menu to configure the number of operations for power circuit O2+/O2-		
Counter 1 or Counter 2 Switch to menu to set the counter for the number of oper- ations for power cir- cuits O1+/O1- or O2+/O2-	Counter 2 Counter 1 ######## Set: ####### Cancel Store	Counter 1 – Event counter 1 - Configure number of operations for load at power circuit O1+/O1- Counter 2 – Event counter 2 - Configure number of operations for load at power circuit O2+/O2- ######### – Old counter status Set: – Enter new counter status, e.g. when a used load is applied Value range: 0 99999999 Store – Confirm entry Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry		
Change password				
PIN Change password	PIN Old New Cancel Store	Old – Enter the old password New – Enter the new password Cancel – Exit menu without confirming the entry Store – Adopt new password		

Overview	Display	Description	
Denied Wrong PIN Error message	Denied Wrong PIN	You entered an incorrect password	
Restart after chang	ing configuration		
Adopt changes	Adopt changes	No – Do not restart	
and reboot	and Reboot Are you sure?	Yes – Restart	
Restart and adopt configuration	No Yes		

6.2.6.5 Restart device

Restart the device if you have changed the configuration. The changed configuration is adopted during a restart.

There are two options for restarting the device once the configuration is complete.

Option one:

- 1. Switch off the device's supply voltage (terminals A1 and A2).
- 2. Switch the device's supply voltage back on.

The configuration is adopted.

Option two:

- 1. Select **Reboot** in menu level 3.
- 2. Select Yes and press the rotary knob.

The device is restarted and the configuration is adopted.

Operation

7 Operation

7.1 Troubleshooting

Faults are divided into

Recoverable faults: see List of recoverable faults [53]

and

Internal faults: after an internal fault, the device must be switched on and off in order to restart it. If the fault occurs again, please contact Pilz.

All faults lead to a safe condition. If a fault is detected, the "I/O Fault" or "Fault" LED will light up on the device:

- "I/O Fault": Fault at inputs or outputs. Fault that can be repaired by the user, leading to a safe condition.
- Fault": Internal fault leading to a safe condition.

The fault is entered in the error stack. Once a fault has been rectified and the device has been restarted, the error message is retained in the error stack.

The most recent error message is shown on the display.

7.2 Display elements for device diagnostics

7.2.1 LED display

The device has LEDs to display states and errors.

LED					Error	
Run	Power	Out 1	Out 2	I/O Fault	Fault	
Green	Green	Green	Green	Red	Red	
<u></u>	- <u>></u>	->>	- <u>X</u> -	- <u>X</u> -	- <u>></u>	Device is in "Power On" state (start-up phase)
O (-	•	•	•	•	•	Device is in "Configuration" state
\						Device is in "RUN" state.
- ×	- ×-	>	>	•	•	Supply voltage to the power circuits is within the permitted range.
-	O (-	•	•	•	•	Supply voltage to the power circuits is outside the permitted range.
<u></u>	-	- ×-	> /•	•	•	Output O1+/O1- is switched on.
- ×	-X-	>	-×-	•	•	Output O2+/O2- is switched on.
\	*	•	%	•	•	Inputs Y10 and/or Y11 for fast shutdown are not at "0" after Power On or after a fault has been reset.

LED					Error	
<u></u>			•	•	•	Inputs Y20 and/or Y21 for fast shutdown are not at "0" after Power On or after a fault has been reset.
<u></u>	•	•	•	_	•	Fault at inputs and/or outputs. Fault that can be repaired by the user, leading to a safe condition.
•	•	•	•	•	\	Internal fault. Fault that cannot be repaired by the user, leading to safe condition.

Legend



LED on

O(-

LED flashes

LED off

7.2.2 Display

Up to 32 status and error messages are stored. They can be called up via the display (see chapter entitled "Commissioning", under "Status display and configuration [42]").

The following information is shown on the display:

- Sequential number of an error stack entry (1 ... 32), the most recent error is displayed under number 1.
- Error number
- Error category
- Up to 3 parameters to one error entry
- Time stamp: Time since system start ("Power On")

7.2.2.1 List of recoverable faults

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy
0	2	Enter Stop	System is in "STOP" state	Purely for information
0	3	Enter Run	System is in "RUN" state	Purely for information
1	0	ACK IO-Fault	The "IO-Fault" error has been reset with the inputs Y10/Y11 and/or Y20/Y21 (1/0 pulse edge)	Purely for information
4	0	Copy Config	The configuration has been loaded from the chip card to the device.	Purely for information
4	1	Copy Config	The device has saved the configuration to the chip card.	Purely for information
4	2	Missing Card	There is no chip card in the card slot.	Insert a valid chip card into the card slot

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy	
4	3	Invalid Card	The data on the chip card is	Check Chip Card	
			invalid	Insert a valid chip card into the card slot	
4	4	Mems. Differ	The data on the chip card differs from the data in the device	Use a chip card containing the device configuration	
				Write the device configuration to chip card	
4	5	Card Removed	The chip card has been removed during operation	Insert a valid chip card into the card slot	
4	6	Unknown Card	The chip card does not contain device data for the PNOZ s50	Insert a valid chip card into the card slot	
5	0	Wrong Pin	The password is invalid	Enter a valid password	
5	1	Pin Changed	The password has been changed	Purely for information	
5	2	Count. at Max	The event counter has reached the maximum value 999999999. The event counter is not reset automatically.	Reset event counter	
5	3	Chan. Differ	Error in the device's para- meter settings	Check parameter settings	
6	0	Supply NOK	Supply voltage B1/B2 to the power circuits is outside the permitted range.	Check the supply voltage	
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>		
6	1	Supply OK	Supply voltage B1/B2 to the power circuits is once again within the permitted range.	Purely for information	
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>		
7	0	Reset Config	The device has been reset to its default settings.	Purely for information	
7	1	Reinit Memory	The device memory has been reinitialised. All parameters have been set to the default settings.	Purely for information	
20	0	Short Circuit	Short circuit at power circuit O1+/O1- or O2+/O2-	Ensure that the power circuit is wired correctly	
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Rectify short circuit	

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy
20	1	Readback fail	Output voltage of power circuit O1+/O1- or O2+/O2-does not correspond to the configured output voltage. Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	 Ensure that the power circuit is wired correctly Rectify short circuits or shorts between contacts
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	
			Parameter 3: Status of both power circuits	
			High Word: Power circuit 2 0x0001: Overexcited 0x0002: Fallen	
			0x0003: Fast-Off	
			0x0004: Slow-Off	
			Low Word: Power circuit 1	
			0x0001: Overexcited	
			0x0002: Fallen	
			0x0003: Fast-Off 0x0004: Slow-Off	
20	2	On an Cinavit		
20	2	Open Circuit	Open circuit at power circuit O1+/O1- or O2+/O2 Current is too low in the on state.	Ensure that the power circuit is wired correctly
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Rectify open circuit
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	
20	3	Test fail	Error during off test of power circuits O1+/O1- or O2+/O2	Ensure that the power circuit is wired correctly
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Rectify short circuits or
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	shorts between contacts
20	4	Test fail	Error during on test of power circuits O1+/O1- or O2+/O2	Ensure that the power circuit is wired correctly
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Rectify short circuits or
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	shorts between contacts
21	0	Readback fail	The signal at output O3, O4 or O5 does not correspond to the expected value.	Ensure that the outputs are wired correctly
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	
21	1	Test fail	Error during off test of outputs O3, O4 or O5.	Ensure that the outputs are wired correctly
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy
22	0	Input Not Off	At least one of the inputs Y10/ Y11 or Y20/Y21 has a "1" sig- nal following a restart or after resetting an error	Set the inputs for fast shut- down to a "0" signal
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	
22	1	Input Sin. On	Prior to the 0/1 pulse edge, neither of the inputs for fast shutdown were set to a "0" signal.	Set the inputs for fast shut- down to a "0" signal
			Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	
22	2	Test fail	Input for feedback loop Y1 or Y2 was not at "0" during test pulse Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	 Ensure that the test pulses are wired correctly Rectify short circuits or
			Parameter 2: <i o="" status=""></i>	shorts between contacts
23	0	Feedback On	State of the feedback loop is not as expected when the power circuits are switched on Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	 Ensure that the feedback loops are wired correctly the feedback loops are configured correctly the application time has elapsed before the brake is released after shutdown the logic (N/C, N/O) of the feedback loop is configured correctly the pulse suppression [465] of the test pulses at Y10/Y11 / Y20/Y21 is maintained
23	1	Feedback Err	State of the feedback loop is not as expected after the power circuits are switched on Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	 Ensure that the feedback loops are wired correctly the feedback loops are configured correctly the load is applied

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy
23	2	Feedback Ton	State of the feedback loop is not as expected after the release time has elapsed Parameter 1: <error location=""> Parameter 2 (type of testing): 0x00000001: As release time elapses 0x00000002: After release time has elapsed</error>	 Ensure that the feedback loops are wired correctly the feedback loops are configured correctly the load is applied the release time is configured correctly
23	3	Feedback Toff	State of the feedback loop is not as expected after the application time has elapsed Parameter 1: <error location=""> Parameter 2 (type of application time): 0x00000001: Toff fast shutdown 0x00000002: Toff slow shutdown 0x00000003: Toff fast shutdown 0x00000003: Toff fast shutdown before release time has elapsed 0x00000004: Slow shutdown before release time has elapsed 0x00000005: Fast shutdown after release time for slow shutdown has elapsed</error>	Ensure that the feedback loops are wired correctly the feedback loops are configured correctly the load is applied the application time is configured correctly
24	0	Defect Card	Cannot read chip card.	Check Chip CardInsert a valid chip card into the card slot
26	0	Supply Error	After switching on O1+/O1- or O2+/O2-, the supply voltage to the power circuits B1/B2 is outside the permitted range Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Check the supply voltage
26	1	Supply Error	After on test at O1+/O1- or O2+/O2-, the supply voltage to the power circuits B1/B2 is outside the permitted range Parameter 1: <error location=""></error>	Check the supply voltage

Cat.	No.	Error message	Description	Remedy
27	0	Overtemp.	Temperature within the device has exceeded the permitted value	Switch off device and switch it back on once it has cooledMinimise load

Parameter I/O-Status

In the case of some error stack entries, a parameter will indicate the status of the inputs/outputs when the fault occurred.

The parameter consists of 32 Bits (8 digits with 4 Bits each) and is hexadecimal coded:

Digit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Digit	Value	Terminal	Designation of the input/output state
0	0		No error
	1	A1/A2	Device's supply voltage
	2	B1/B2	Supply voltage to the power circuits
	4		Reserved
	8		Reserved
1	0		No error
	1	Y10	Input for fast shutdown of power circuit 1
	2	Y11	Input for fast shutdown of power circuit 1
	4	S35	Input for slow shutdown of power circuit 1
	8	Y1	Input for feedback loop of power circuit 1
2	0		No error
	1	Y20	Input for fast shutdown of power circuit 2
	2	Y21	Input for fast shutdown of power circuit 2
	4	S36	Input for slow shutdown of power circuit 2
	8	Y2	Input for feedback loop of power circuit 2
3	0		Reserved
4	0		No error
	1	O3	Output for fault signal
	2	T0	Output for test pulse 0
	4	T1	Output for test pulse 1
	8		Reserved
5	0		No error
	1	O1+	Output of power circuit 1 (High Side)
	2	O1-	Output of power circuit 1 (Low Side)
	4	O4	Output of status for power circuit 1
	8		Reserved

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Digit	Value	Terminal	Designation of the input/output state		
6	0		No error		
	1	O2+	Output of power circuit 2 (High Side)		
	2	O2-	Output of power circuit 2 (Low Side)		
	4	O5	Output of status for power circuit 2		
	8		Reserved		
7	0		Reserved		

Example

Status as the fault occurred:

- Digit 1: there is a "1" signal at Y10, Y11 and S35
- Digit 4: the power output O1+/O1- and its status output O4 are switched on. There is a "1" signal at the fault signal output (no fault)
- Digit 5: There is a "1" signal at the test pulse outputs T0 and T1

7.3 Reset I/O Fault

The device switches to the "I/O Fault" state if a fault has been detected at the inputs or outputs. Once it has been rectified, the fault must be reset.

There are three options for resetting an "I/O Fault" and restarting the device.

Option one: Switch supply voltage A1/A2 off and then on again

- 1. Switch off the device's supply voltage (terminals A1 and A2)
- 2. Switch the device's supply voltage back on.

The device restarts.

Option two: Reboot display menu

- 1. Select Reboot in menu level 3.
- 2. Select Yes and press the rotary knob.

The device restarts.

Option three: Switch inputs Y10/Y11 or Y20/Y21

This option should be considered if you wish to reset the fault from the higher level controller.

Using one power circuit:

- The fault is reset by a 1/0 pulse edge at Y10 and Y11 or a 1/0 pulse edge at Y20 and Y21.
- A 0/1 pulse edge switches on the corresponding power circuit.

Operation PILZ

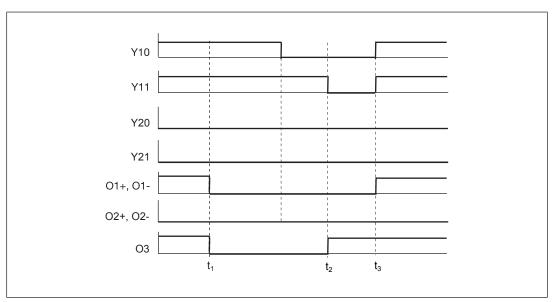


Fig.: Resetting faults when using one power circuit

Legend:

- ▶ t₁: Fault at Y10/Y11, load shuts down
- t₂: Q 1 -> 0: Reset fault at Y11
- t₃: On O1+, O1-: Switch load on; before switching on, Y10 and Y11 must both be at "0"
- O3: Fault signal output

Operation

Using two power circuits:

With dual-channel activation, the fault can be reset through a 1/0 pulse edge at Y10/Y11 or Y20/Y21.

In order to switch the load on, the relevant inputs must both already be at "0".

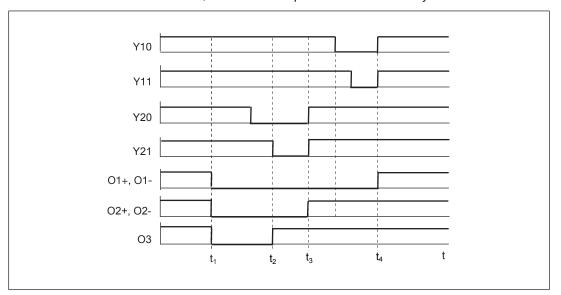


Fig.: Resetting faults when using two power circuits

Legend:

- t₁: Fault at Y10/Y11, load shuts down
- t₂: Q 1 -> 0: Reset fault at Y21
- t₃: On O2+, O2-: Switch load on; before switching on, Y20 and Y21 must both be at "0"
- ▶ t₄: On O1+, O1-: Switch load on; before switching on, Y10 and Y11 must both be at "0"
- O3: Fault signal output

Example

8 Example

8.1 Overview

This chapter provides information on how to connect the PNOZ s50 to a safety controller. The connections illustrated are independent of any specific controller.



INFORMATION

The following example is intended to help you configure the application using the display.

These settings and parameters should be regarded as example settings. It's possible that your own specific application may require different settings or parameters under certain circumstances.



CAUTION!

When considering the example, please note that Pilz accepts no responsibility for the specific application. In particular, it may not be used without testing and approval.

The constructor is responsible for creating appropriate safety concepts for the overall plant and for connection to the safety controller (including configuration). The applicable standards and regulations must be considered and observed.

In each case it is necessary to consider the input and output requirements from the chapter entitled "Function description [14]". This is also true when using the applied safety controllers.

8.2 Mechanical holding brake

8.2.1 Properties

PNOZ s50

- Safe activation of two independent mechanical holding brakes
- Release and application times are monitored
- Fast and slow shutdown of both brakes
- Feedback loop for brake B1 is monitored via input Y1
- Feedback loop for brake B2 is monitored via input Y2

Supply voltage

- Fuses
 - F1: 24 V DC, 4 A, characteristic B/C
 - F2: 24 V DC, 13 A, characteristic B/C

Example

Safety controller

- Inputs
 - Fault signal O3
 - State of brakes O4, O5 (applied, released) is monitored
- Outputs
 - Activation of fast and slow shutdown of brake

Brake

- Micro switch S1 to signal the state of brake B1
- Micro switch S2 to signal the state of brake B2

8.2.2 Configuration overview

The following parameters must be set in the display menu:

Function	Terminal	Description	Parameter	Value	In display menu
Supply voltage, power circuits 1 and 2	B1/B2	Supply voltage	Input Voltage	24 V	Input -> Input Voltage
Test pulse	Y1/Y2	Test pulses on feed- back loops	->		Feedback -> Pulsing -> Y1/Y2 Pulse
Power circuit 1	01+/01-	Reduced voltage	U	12 V	Output -> O1
		Overexcitation time	Т	450 ms	Output -> O1
	Y1	Maximum ventilation time	Ton	60 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Ton
		Maximum application time, fast shutdown	Toff fast	30 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Toff
		Maximum application time, slow shutdown	Toff slow	150 ms	Feedback -> Y1 -> Y1 Timing -> Y1 Toff
		Logic of feedback loop	Logic	N/C	Feedback -> Y1 -> Logic -> Y1 Logic
Power circuit 2	O2+/O2-	Reduced voltage	U	12 V	Output -> O2
		Overexcitation time	Т	450 ms	Output -> O2
	Y2	Maximum ventilation time	Ton	60 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Ton
		Maximum application time, fast shutdown	Toff fast	30 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Toff
		Maximum application time, slow shutdown	Toff slow	150 ms	Feedback -> Y2 -> Y1 Timing -> Y2 Toff
		Logic of feedback loop 2	Logic	NC	Feedback -> Y2 -> Logic -> Y2 Logic

Example

8.2.3 Connection

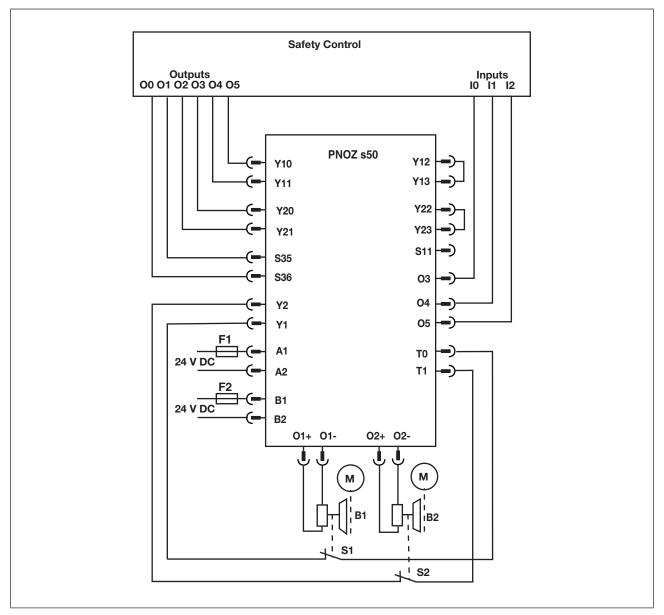


Fig.: Connection example: Two mechanical holding brakes

9 Technical details

CE, EAC (Eurasian), TÜV, cULus Listed	General	751500	751509
Supply voltage	Approvals		
For Supply to the system 24 V 25 V 25 V 25 V 25 V 26 V	Electrical data	751500	751509
Voltage Kind DC DC DC Voltage tolerance -15 %/+20 % -16 %/+20 % -16 %/+20 % -16 %/+20 % -16 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % -1	Supply voltage		
Kind DC -15 %/+20 % -15 %/+20 % -15 %/+20 % Output of external power supply (DC) at no load S W S S W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W		Supply to the system	Supply to the system
Voltage tolerance Output of external power supply (DC) Output of external power supply (DC) at no load Residual ripple DC External unit fuse protection F1 Output of external power supply (DC) at no load Residual ripple DC External unit fuse protection F1 Output of external power supply (DC) at no load Residual ripple DC External unit fuse protection F1 Output of external power supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage For Voltage Cat V, 48 V Voltage V, 48	Voltage	24 V	24 V
Output of external power supply (DC) Output of external power supply (DC) at no load Residual ripple DC External unit fuse protection F1 A, circuit breaker 24 V DC, characteristic B/C Potential isolation No Supply voltage for Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage for Voltage tolerance Voltage	Kind	DC	DC
(DC) Output of external power supply (DC) at no load Residual ripple DC 5 % 5 % 5 % 5 % 5 % External unit fuse protection F1 characteristic B/C No No No Supply voltage for Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage 24 V, 48 V 26 V, 48 V 27 V, 48 V 27 V, 48 V 28 V, 48 V 29 V, 49	Voltage tolerance	-15 %/+20 %	-15 %/+20 %
(DC) at no load Residual ripple DC External unit fuse protection F1 Potential isolation Supply voltage for Voltage Kind DC Voltage tolerance Max. permitted current Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 Potential isolation Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage Voltage tolerance Max. permitted current Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 Potential isolation No Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % -11 A -1		18 W	18 W
External unit fuse protection F1 4 A, circuit breaker 24 V DC, characteristic B/C No No No Supply voltage for Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage 24 V, 48 V 25 V, 48 V 26 V, 48		3 W	3 W
Potential isolation No No No Supply voltage for Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage 24 V, 48 V 24 V, 48 V Kind DC DC Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % Max. permitted current 11 A 11 A Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 characteristic B/C yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 4 Number of safe inputs 4 4 Number of standard inputs 4 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 -10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 -10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 3 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 3 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs a V 8 V	Residual ripple DC	5 %	5 %
Supply voltage for Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage 24 V, 48 V 24 V, 48 V Kind DC DC Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % Max. permitted current Output of external power supply (DC) 264 W 264 W External unit fuse protection F2 that isolation yes yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 Number of standard inputs 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 -10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 -10 mA Input current, standard inputs 4 A Input current, standard inputs 3 -10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 -10 mA Input current, standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V	External unit fuse protection F1		
For Supply to 2-pole SC outputs Voltage 24 V, 48 V 24 V, 48 V Kind DC Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % Max. permitted current 11 A 11 A Output of external power supply (DC) 264 W External unit fuse protection F2 characteristic B/C yes yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 Number 0f safe inputs 4 4 Number of standard inputs 4 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 -10 mA 3 -10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	Potential isolation	No	No
Voltage Kind DC DC Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % Max. permitted current 11 A 11 A Output of external power supply (DC) 264 W External unit fuse protection F2 13 A, circuit breaker 48 V DC, characteristic B/C yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 4 Number of standard inputs 4 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA 3 - 10 mA Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V	Supply voltage		
Kind DC Voltage tolerance -10 %/+20 % -10 %/+20 % Max. permitted current 11 A 11 A 11 A Output of external power supply (DC) 264 W 264 W External unit fuse protection F2 13 A, circuit breaker 48 V DC, characteristic B/C yes yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 4 4 Number of standard inputs 4 4 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V 8 V	for	Supply to 2-pole SC outputs	Supply to 2-pole SC outputs
Voltage tolerance Max. permitted current Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 Potential isolation Potential isol	Voltage	24 V, 48 V	24 V, 48 V
Max. permitted current Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 Potential isolation Potential is	Kind	DC	DC
Output of external power supply (DC) External unit fuse protection F2 Potential isolation	Voltage tolerance	-10 %/+20 %	-10 %/+20 %
External unit fuse protection F2 External unit fuse protection F2 13 A, circuit breaker 48 V DC, characteristic B/C Potential isolation Potential isolation 751500 Number 8 Number 8 Number of safe inputs 4 Number of standard inputs 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs Number of safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	Max. permitted current	11 A	11 A
External unit fuse protection F2 characteristic B/C characteristic B/C yes yes Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 11 V 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 8 V 8 V		004.114	
Characteristic B/C Potential isolation Potential	,		
Inputs 751500 751509 Number 8 8 Number of safe inputs 4 Number of standard inputs 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs	·	The state of the s	The state of the s
Number of safe inputs 4 Number of standard inputs 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V	Potential isolation	yes	yes
Number of safe inputs 4 Number of standard inputs 4 Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs Wax. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	Inputs	751500	751509
Number of standard inputs Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 8 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	Number	8	8
Input current, safe inputs 3 - 10 mA Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V	Number of safe inputs	4	4
Input current, standard inputs 3 - 10 mA Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V	Number of standard inputs	4	4
Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V	Input current, safe inputs	3 - 10 mA	3 - 10 mA
changes from "1" to "0", safe inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	Input current, standard inputs	3 - 10 mA	3 - 10 mA
changes from "0" to "1", safe inputs 11 V Min. threshold voltage when signal changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V		8 V	8 V
changes from "1" to "0", standard inputs 8 V 8 V Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V			11 V
Max. threshold voltage when signal changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	changes from "1" to "0", standard	8 V	8 V
changes from "0" to "1", standard inputs 11 V 11 V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
inputs 11 V 11 V			
Pulse suppression 1,5 ms 1,5 ms		11 V	11 V
	Pulse suppression	1,5 ms	1,5 ms

Inputs	751500	751509
•	731300	731303
Voltage at	24 V	24 V
Input circuit DC		
Feedback loop DC	24 V	24 V
Potential isolation	No	No
Semiconductor outputs	751500	751509
Number of positive-switching single-pole semiconductor outputs	3	3
Switching capability		
Voltage	24 V	24 V
Current	0,1 A	0,1 A
Max. duration of off time during self test	300 μs	300 μs
Short circuit-proof	yes	yes
Potential isolation	No	No
Permitted loads	inductive, capacitive, resistive	inductive, capacitive, resistive
Semiconductor outputs, 2-pole	751500	751509
Number of dual-pole semicon- ductor outputs	2	2
Maximum output power during continuous duty	96 W	96 W
Maximum output power during overexcitation	156 W	156 W
Reduced voltages	6 V, 8 V, 12 V, 16 V, 24 V, 32 V, 48 V	6 6 V, 8 V, 12 V, 16 V, 24 V, 32 V, 48 V
Reduced voltages Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages		
Voltage tolerance of reduced	V	V
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal,	-10 %/+10 %	-10 %/+10 %
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation	-10 %/+10 % 4 A	-10 %/+10 % 4 A
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes	-10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive	-10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs	-10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self test Max. duration of off time during self	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self test Max. duration of off time during self test	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 500 μs
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self test Max. duration of off time during self test Voltage outputs	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 751500	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 500 μs 751509
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self test Voltage outputs Number	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 751500 1	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 751509
Voltage tolerance of reduced voltages Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, continuous duty Max. output current at "1" signal, 24 V, overexcitation Max. output current at "1" signal, 48 V, overexcitation Short circuit-proof Permitted loads Max. duration of on time during self test Voltage outputs Number Voltage	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 751500 1 24 V DC	V -10 %/+10 % 4 A 2 A 6,5 A 3,25 A yes Inductive 500 μs 751509 1 24 V DC

751500	751509
2	2
24 V DC	24 V DC
6 ms	6 ms
yes	yes
· ·	0,1 A
No	No
751500	751509
20 ms	20 ms
8 ms	8 ms
30 ms 4000 ms	30 ms 4000 ms
30 ms 4000 ms	30 ms 4000 ms
30 ms 4000 ms	30 ms 4000 ms
100 ms 2500 ms	100 ms 2500 ms
751500	751509
EN 60068-2-1, EN 60068-2-14, EN 60068-2-2, EN 60068-2-78	EN 60068-2-1, EN 60068-2-14, EN 60068-2-2, EN 60068-2-78
0 - 55 °C	0 - 55 °C
-40 - 85 °C	-40 - 85 °C
93 % r. h. at 40 °C	93 % r. h. at 40 °C
Not permitted	Not permitted
2000 m	2000 m
EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61326-3-1	EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61326-3-1
EN 60068-2-6	EN 60068-2-6
10 - 55 Hz	10 - 55 Hz
0,35 mm	0,35 mm
EN 60664-1	EN 60664-1
III	III
	IP20
IP20	IP20
IP54	IP54
	2 24 V DC 6 ms yes 0,1 A No 751500 20 ms 8 ms 30 ms 4000 ms 30 ms 4000 ms 30 ms 4000 ms 100 ms 2500 ms 751500 EN 60068-2-1, EN 60068-2-14, EN 60068-2-2, EN 60068-2-78 0 - 55 °C -40 - 85 °C 93 % r. h. at 40 °C Not permitted 2000 m EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61326-3-1 EN 60068-2-6 10 - 55 Hz 0,35 mm EN 60664-1 III

Potential isolation	751500	751509
Potential isolation between	2-pole semiconductor outputs and system voltage	2-pole semiconductor outputs and system voltage
Type of potential isolation	Basic insulation	Basic insulation
Mechanical data	751500	751509
Mounting position	horizontally on mounting rail	horizontally on mounting rail
Material		
Bottom	PC	PC
Front	PC	PC
Тор	PC	PC
Connection type	Spring-loaded terminal	Spring-loaded terminal
Mounting type	plug-in	plug-in
Conductor cross section with spring-loaded terminals: Flexible with/without crimp connector	0,2 - 2,5 mm², 24 - 12 AWG	0,2 - 2,5 mm², 24 - 12 AWG
Spring-loaded terminals: Terminal points per connection	2	2
Stripping length with spring-loaded terminals	9 mm	9 mm
Dimensions		
Height	100 mm	100 mm
Width	45 mm	45 mm
Depth	120 mm	120 mm
Weight	255 g	255 g

The standards current on 2017-09 apply.

9.1 Safety characteristic data

Operating mode	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN 62061 SIL CL	EN 62061 PFH _D [1/h]		IEC 61511 PFD	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
	PL	Category					T _м [year]
All	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	1,05E-09	SIL 3	9,09E-05	20

All the units used within a safety function must be considered when calculating the safety characteristic data.



INFORMATION

A safety function's SIL/PL values are **not** identical to the SIL/PL values of the units that are used and may be different. We recommend that you use the PAScal software tool to calculate the safety function's SIL/PL values.

The safety-related characteristic data (PFH, PFD) are mean values. They have been calculated at an average ambient component temperature of 40 °C and apply for the ambient temperature range stated in the technical details.

10 Supplementary data

The max. permitted load current at the power circuits O1+/O1- and O2+/O2- depends on the

- Ambient temperature.
- Distance between the PNOZ s50 and adjacent devices.
- Number of power circuits connected (one or two).
- Size of the supply voltage to the power circuits at B1/B2.



INFORMATION

You may need to consider the distance from adjacent devices!

If a distance needs to be maintained between adjacent devices, please refer to the information in the chapter entitled "Installation", under "Mounting distances [426]".

Distance re- quired between adjacent devices	Ambient tem- perature	Number of power circuits	Max. permitted output current at U _{B1/B2} = 24 V	Max. permitted output current at U _{B1/B2} = 48 V
Yes	45°C	1	6.5 A	3.25 A
Yes	55°C	1	6.5 A	3.25 A
Yes	45°C	2	5.5 A	2.75 A
Yes	55°C	2	5.0 A	2.5 A
No	45°C	1	6.5 A	3.25 A
No	55°C	1	6.0 A	3.0 A
No	45°C	2	4.5 A	2.25 A
No	55°C	2	4.0 A	2.0 A

Use of the devices in accordance with UL

Ambient tem- perature	Number of power circuits	Max. permitted output current at U _{B1/B2} = 24 V	Max. permitted output current at U _{B1/B2} = 48 V	Utilisation cat- egory
45°C	1	6.5 A	3.25 A	Pilot Duty
55°C	1	5.5 A	2.75 A	
45°C	2	4.5 A	2.25 A	
55°C	2	4.0 A	2.0 A	

When using the devices in accordance with UL, please note the following:

- The ambient temperature is understood to be the *Surrounding Air Temperature*.
- Appropriate measures e.g (tempering of the control cabinet) should be used to ensure that the stated values are maintained when devices are installed without a distance.

11 Order reference

11.1 Order references Module

Product type	Terminals	Order no.
PNOZ s50 C	Spring-loaded terminals	751 500
PNOZ s50 C	Spring-loaded terminals	751 509

11.2 Order references Accessories

Chip cards and chip card reader

Product type	Features			Order no.
PNOZmulti Chipcard	Chip card	32 kB		779 211
PNOZmulti Chipcard Set	Chip card	32 kB	10 pieces	779 212
Chipcard Holder	Chip card holder			779 240
PNOZmulti Seal	Chip card seal		10 pieces	779 250
PNOZ Chip Card Reader	Chip card reader for saving the configuration on the computer			779 230
SmartCardCommander with SIM card adapter	Software for the chip card reader 779 230, for saving the configuration on the computer			750 031
PNOZsigma Chip Card manager set			rd Reader and Smart- pter (779 230 and 750	750 030

Terminals

Product type	Features		Order no.
PNOZ s Set1 Spring Loaded Terminals 45 mm	Set of plug-in spring-loaded terminals	1 piece	751 008

12 Appendix

12.1 Check list

Enter the device parameters in the following check list. It is intended as a guide to provide support when commissioning and recommissioning the PNOZ s50 and when carrying out the regular inspection as required.

We recommend that you keep the completed check list and store it with the machine documentation for reference.

Function	Terminal	Description	Parameter	Value
Supply voltage, power	B1/B2	Supply voltage	Input Voltage	
circuits 1 and 2				V
Test pulse	Y1/Y2	Test pulses on feedback loops	Pulsing	
			On = Test pulse on	
			Off = Test pulse off	
Power circuit 1	01+/01-	Reduced voltage	U	
				V
		Overexcitation time	Т	
				ms
	Y1	Maximum release time	Ton	
				ms
		Maximum application	Toff fast	
		time Fast shutdown		ms
			Toff class	
		Maximum application Toff slow time	ms	
		Slow shutdown		
		Logic of feedback loop 1	Logic	
			N/O = Normally open	
			N/C = Normally closed	
Power circuit 2	O2+/O2-	Reduced voltage	U	
				V
			Т	
				ms
	Y2	Maximum release time	Ton	
				ms
		Maximum application	Toff fast	
		time		ms
		Fast shutdown	T-#-1	
		Maximum application time	Toff slow	ms
		Slow shutdown		
		Logic of feedback loop 2	Logic	
		·	N/O = Normally open	
			N/C = Normally closed	

Check sum (CRC):	Date:
(from "Systeminfo" menu page)	
	Signature:

13 EC declaration of conformity

This product/these products meet the requirements of the directive 2006/42/EC for machinery of the European Parliament and of the Council. The complete EC Declaration of Conformity is available on the Internet at www.pilz.com/downloads.

Authorised representative: Norbert Fröhlich, Pilz GmbH & Co. KG, Felix-Wankel-Str. 2, 73760 Ostfildern, Germany



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Pilz develops environmentally-friendly products using ecological materials and energy-saving technologies. Offices and production facilities are ecologically designed, environmentally-aware and energy-saving. So Pilz offers sustainability, plus the security of using energy-efficient products and environmentally-friendly solutions.

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