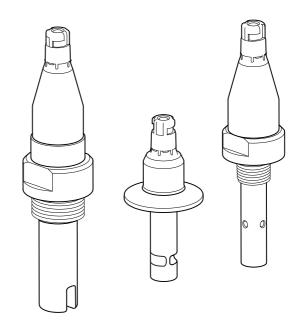
**Products** 

# Operating Instructions Condumax CLS15D/16D/21D

Sensors with Memosens protocol For conductive measurement of conductivity in liquids







# **EU Declaration of Conformity**

# ATEX / NEPSI II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga, IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga



### ATEX/NEPSI II 3G Ex ic IIC T3/T4/T6 Gc

EG/EU-Konformitätserklärung **EC/EU-Declaration of Conformity** Déclaration CE/UE de Conformité Endress+Hauser 4

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Company

Dieselstraße 24, 70839 Gerlingen, Germany

erklärt als Hersteller in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das Produkt declares as manufacturer under sole responsibility, that the product déclare sous sa seule responsabilité en qualité de fabricant que le produit

Product

Memosens Sensoren / Memosens sensors / Memosens capteurs

CLS15D-\*\*\*V CLS16D-\*\*\*V CLS21D-\*\*\*V

zusammen mit Messkabel / together with measuring cable / ensemble avec cable de mesure

b = C1, C2

a = 1, 2 CYK10-V\*\*a CYK20-BAab a = B1, B2;

Regulations den folgenden Europäischen Richtlinien entspricht:

conforms to following European Directives:

est conforme aux prescription des Directives Européennes suivantes :

FMC 2014/30/EU (L96/79) ATEX 2014/34/EU (L96/309)

Standards angewandte harmonisierte Normen oder normative Dokumente:

applied harmonized standards or normative documents: normes harmonisées ou documents normatifs appliqués :

(2013) EN 60079-0 (2012) + A11 (2013) EN 60079-11 (2012) FN 61326-1

EN 61326-2-3

Certification EG-Baumusterprüfbescheinigungs-Nr. EC-Type Examination Certificate No.

Numéro de l'attestation d'examen CE de type

Ausgestellt von/issued by/délivré par

Qualitätssicherung/Quality assurance/Système d'assurance DEKRA EXAM GmbH (0158) qualité

Gerlingen, 20.04.2016

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG

Technology Certifications and Approvals

EC\_00360\_01.16

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# 1 About this document

# 1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning
▲ DANGER  Causes (/consequences)  If necessary, Consequences of non- compliance (if applicable)  Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>will</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
▲ WARNING  Causes (/consequences)  If necessary, Consequences of non- compliance (if applicable)  Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>can</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non- compliance (if applicable)  ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.
NOTICE Cause/situation If necessary, Consequences of non- compliance (if applicable) Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.

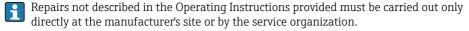
# 1.2 Symbols

Symbol	Meaning					
•	Additional information, tips					
<b>✓</b>	Permitted or recommended					
×	Not permitted or not recommended					
II.	Reference to device documentation					
	Reference to page					
	Reference to graphic					
L	Result of a step					

# 2 Basic safety instructions

### 2.1 Requirements for personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Faults at the measuring point may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.



### 2.2 Designated use

The conductivity sensors are designed for the conductive measurement of the conductivity of liquids.

They are used in the following fields:

Sensor	Applications	Hazardous areas
Condumax CLS15D	Measurements in pure and ultrapure water	Approved for Ex zone 0
Condumax CLS16D	Measurements in pure and ultrapure water with hygienic requirements	Approved for Ex zone 0
Condumax CLS21D	Measurements in media with medium or high conductivity	Approved for Ex zone 0

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described, poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation guidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

### Electromagnetic compatibility

- The product has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with the applicable international standards for industrial applications.
- The electromagnetic compatibility indicated applies only to a product that has been connected in accordance with these Operating Instructions.

### 2.4 Operational safety

### Before commissioning the entire measuring point:

- 1. Verify that all connections are correct.
- 2. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 3. Do not operate damaged products, and protect them against unintentional operation.
- 4. Label damaged products as defective.

### **During operation:**

► If faults cannot be rectified: products must be taken out of service and protected against unintentional operation.

# 2.5 Product safety

### 2.5.1 State-of-the-art technology

The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and international standards have been observed.

### 2.5.2 Electrical equipment in hazardous areas

#### ATEX/NEPSI II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

- The Memosens inductive sensor-cable connection system is suitable for use in hazardous areas in accordance with EC type examination certificate BVS 04 ATEX E 121 X. The corresponding EC declaration of conformity is part of this document.
- The certified conductivity sensors CLS15D/CLS16D/CLS21D may only be connected via the measuring cable CYK10-G/I\*\*\* to the certified intrinsically safe digital sensor output circuits of measuring device Liquiline M CM42-KE/F/G/I/J\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* in accordance with EC type-examination certificate TÜV 13 ATEX 7459 X.
- The electrical connection must be made according to the wiring diagram of the transmitter.
- Metallic process connection parts must be mounted at the mounting location electrostatically conductive (< 1  $M\Omega$ ).
- The CLS15D-type sensors with non-metal process connections and the CLS21D-type sensors may only be employed for measurement in liquids with a minimum conductivity of 10 nS/cm.
- The CLS15D-type sensors with non-metal process connections may not be operated under process conditions in which electrostatic charging of the sensor, and particularly of the electrically insulated outer electrode, is likely to occur.
- Measuring cable CYK10-G/I\*\*\* and its terminal head must be protected against electrostatic charging if it is run through Zone 0.
- The maximum permitted cable length is 100 m.
- Ex versions of digital sensors with Memosens technology are indicated by an orange-red ring.
- Full compliance with regulations for electrical systems in hazardous areas (e.g. EN/IEC 60079-14) is mandatory when using the devices and sensors.

### Temperature classes

Name	Туре					Medium temp. T <sub>a</sub> for temperature class (Tn)	Cat.
Condumax	CLS15D	-	A	**	G	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +120 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +70 °C (T6)	II 1G
Condumax	CLS15D	-	B/L	**	G	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +100 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +50 °C (T6)	II 1G
Condumax	CLS16D	-	**	**	G	-5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +115 °C (T4) -5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +65 °C (T6)	II 1G
Condumax	CLS21D	-	*	**	G	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +115 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +65 °C (T6)	II 1G

If the specified medium temperatures are complied with, temperatures that are not permitted for the respective temperature class will not occur on the equipment.

#### ATEX/NEPSI II 3G Ex ic IIC T3/T4/T6 Gc

- The Memosens inductive sensor-cable connection system is suitable for use in hazardous areas, Zone 2. The corresponding EU declaration of conformity is part of this document.
- The certified conductivity sensors CLS15D / CLS16D / CLS21D may only be connected via the measuring cable CYK10-V\*\*\* to the certified intrinsically safe digital sensor output circuits of measuring device Liquiline M CM42-KV\*\*\*\*\*\*\*.
- The electrical connection must be made according to the wiring diagram of the transmitter.
- Metallic process connection parts must be mounted at the mounting location electrostatically conductive (< 1 M $\Omega$ ).
- The CLS15D-type sensors with non-metal process connections and the CLS21D-type sensors may only be employed for measurement in liquids with a minimum conductivity of 10 nS/cm.
- The CLS15D-type sensors with non-metal process connections may not be operated under process conditions in which electrostatic charging of the sensor, particularly of the electrically insulated outer electrode, is likely to occur.
- The maximum permitted cable length is 100 m.
- Full compliance with regulations for electrical systems in hazardous areas (EN/IEC 60079-14) is mandatory when using the devices and sensors.

### Temperature classes

Name	Туре	ре			Medium temp. Ta for temperature class (Tn)	Cat.	
Condumax	CLS15D	-	A	**	V	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +120 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +70 °C (T6)	II 3G
Condumax	CLS15D	-	B/L	**	V	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +100 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +50 °C (T6)	II 3G

Name	Туре					Medium temp. T <sub>a</sub> for temperature class (Tn)	Cat.
Condumax	CLS16D	-	**	**	V	-5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +115 °C (T4) -5 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +65 °C (T6)	II 3G
Condumax	CLS21D	-	*	**	V	-20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +135 °C (T3) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +115 °C (T4) -20 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +65 °C (T6)	II 3G

If the specified medium temperatures are complied with, temperatures that are not permitted for the respective temperature class will not occur on the equipment.

#### FM/CSA IS/NI Cl.1 Div.1&2 Gr. A-D

Observe the documentation and the control drawings of the transmitter.

# 3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

### 3.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.
  - Notify the supplier of any damage to the packaging. Keep the damaged packaging until the issue has been resolved.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
  - Notify the supplier of any damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged goods until the issue has been resolved.
- 3. Check that the delivery is complete and nothing is missing.
  - lacktriangledown Compare the shipping documents with your order.
- 4. Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
  - The original packaging offers the best protection.

    Make sure to comply with the permitted ambient conditions.

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local Sales Center.

### 3.2 Product identification

### 3.2.1 Type code for versions with explosion protection

Name	Туре		Version		
Condumax	CLS15D CLS16D CLS21D	-	* ** *	** ** **	G G G
			Process connections, materials not Ex-relevant		For use in hazardous areas, ATEX/NEPSI II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga, IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga

Name	Туре		Version		
Condumax	CLS15D CLS16D CLS21D	-	* ** *	** ** **	0 0 0
			Process connections, materials not Ex-relevant		For use in hazardous areas, FM/CSA IS/NI CI I Div.1&2 Gr. A-D

Name	Туре		Version		
Condumax	CLS15D CLS16D CLS21D	-	* ** *	** ** **	V V V
			Process connections, materials not Ex-relevant		For use in hazardous areas, ATEX/NEPSI II 3G Ex ic IIC T3/T4/T6 Gc

### 3.2.2 Nameplate

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Serial number
- Ambient and process conditions
- Safety information and warnings
- Cell constant (nominal value)
- Degree of protection
- Ex labeling on hazardous area versions
- ► Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

#### 3.2.3 Product identification

#### Product page

www.endress.com/cls15d www.endress.com/cls16d

#### www.endress.com/cls21d

#### Interpreting the order code

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

### Obtaining information on the product

- 1. Go to www.endress.com.
- 2. Call up the site search (magnifying glass).
- 3. Enter a valid serial number.
- 4. Search.
  - ► The product structure is displayed in a popup window.
- 5. Click on the product image in the popup window.
  - A new window (**Device Viewer**) opens. All of the information relating to your device is displayed in this window as well as the product documentation.

#### Manufacturer's address

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Dieselstraße 24 D-70839 Gerlingen

## 3.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery includes:

- Sensor in the version ordered
- Operating Instructions

### 3.4 Certificates and approvals

#### 3.4.1 **C€** mark

#### **Declaration of Conformity**

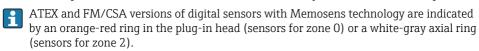
The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EU directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CC mark.

### 3.4.2 Hazardous area approvals

ATEX / NEPSI II 1G Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga, IECEx Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T6 Ga FM/CSA IS/NI Cl. I Div.1&2 Gr. A-D in conjunction with Liquiline M CM42 transmitter

ATEX/NEPSI II 3G Ex ic IIC T3/T4/T6 Gc for use in Zone 2 with Liquiline M CM42-KV\*\*\* transmitter

- EAC Ex. 0Ex ia IIC T6/T4/T3 Ga X
- Zone 0
- Certificate number: TC RU C-DE AA87 B 00088
- The product has been certified in accordance with Directive TR CU 012/2011 which applies in the European Economic Area (EEA). The EAC conformity mark is affixed to the product.



### 3.4.3 EHEDG (CLS16D only)

Certified according to EL Class I, only for process connections:

- Clamp 1"
- Clamp 1 1/2"
- Clamp 2"
- Varivent

### 3.4.4 FDA (CLS16D only)

All materials in contact with the product are listed by the FDA.

### 3.4.5 Manufacturer inspection certificate

Stating the individual cell constant

### 3.4.6 Biological reactivity test (USP class VI, CLS16D only)

Biological reactivity test certificate according to USP (United States Pharmacopeia)part <87> and part <88> class VI with batch traceability of materials in contact with the medium

### 3.4.7 Inspection certificate in accordance with EN 10204 3.1

A test certificate 3.1 in accordance with EN 10204 is supplied depending on the version ( $\rightarrow$  Product Configurator on the product page).

### 3.4.8 ASME (CLS16D only)

Manufactured in accordance with ASME criteria (American Society of Mechanical Engineers)

# 3.4.9 Ex-certification body

#### DEKRA EXAM GmbH

Bochum

### 3.4.10 Marine approvals

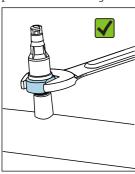
A selection of sensors have type approval for marine applications, issued by the following classification societies: ABS (American Bureau of Shipping), BV (Bureau Veritas), DNV-GL (Det Norske Veritas-Germanische Lloyd) and LR (Lloyd's Register). Details of the order codes of the approved sensors, and the installation and ambient conditions, are provided in the relevant certificates for marine applications on the product page on the Internet.

## 4 Installation

# 4.1 Mounting the sensor

#### 4.1.1 CLS15D

The sensors are installed directly via the process connection thread NPT  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or  $\frac{3}{4}$ " or clamp 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ ". As an option, the sensor can also be installed using a commercially available T-piece or cross fitting or using a flow assembly.



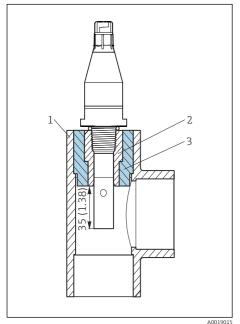


# NOTICE

#### Incorrect mounting or disassembly

The Memosens head could become loose and fall off, resulting in total sensor failure!

- ► Only mount the sensor via the process connection.
- ► To do so, use a suitable tool, such as an open-ended wrench.

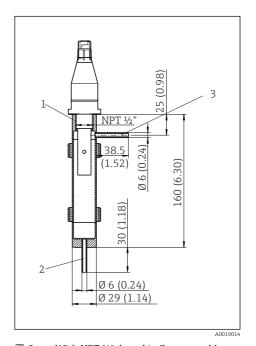




1 T-piece or cross fitting (DN 32, 40 or 50)

fitting

- 2 Glue-in VC threaded coupling (NPT ½" for DN 20)
- 3 Glue-in adapter coupling (for DN 32, 40, 50)



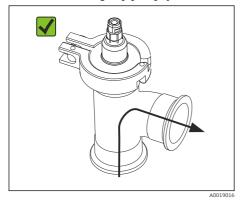
With NPT ½" thread in flow assembly 71042405, dimensions in mm (inch)

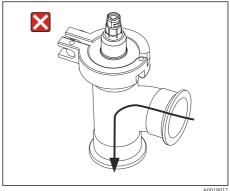
- 1 Sensor holder NPT ½"
- 2 Inlet
- 3 Outlet
- 1. Ensure that the electrodes are fully immersed in the medium during measurement. Immersion depth: at least 35 mm (1.38").
- 2. If using the sensor in the ultrapure water range, you must work under air-evacuated conditions.
  - Otherwise, the  $CO_2$  in the air can dissolve in the water and its (weak) dissociation can increase the conductivity by up to 3  $\mu$ S/cm.

#### 4.1.2 CLS16D

The sensors are installed directly via the process connection.

▶ When installing in pipes, pay attention to the flow direction.





₩ 3 Permitted flow direction

₩ 4 Inadmissible flow direction

- Ensure that the electrodes are fully immersed in the medium during measurement.
- 2. If using the sensor in the ultrapure water range, you must work under air-evacuated conditions.
  - Otherwise, the CO<sub>2</sub> in the air can dissolve in the water and its (weak) dissociation can increase the conductivity by up to 3  $\mu$ S/cm.

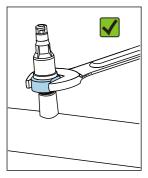
#### CLS21D 4.1.3



# Clamp connection

Both sheet-metal brackets and solid brackets can be used to secure the sensor. Sheetmetal brackets have a lower dimensional stability, uneven bearing surfaces causing point loads, and sometimes sharp edges that can damage the clamp. We recommend you only use solid brackets due to their higher dimensional stability. Solid brackets can be used over the entire pressure/temperature range (see pressure-temperature ratings).

The sensors are installed directly via the process connection. As an option, the sensor can also be installed via a flow assembly.



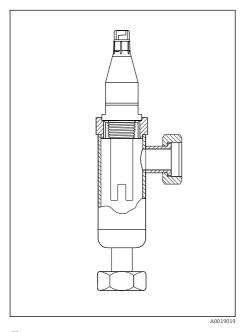


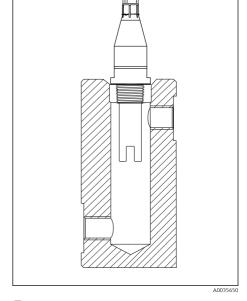
### **NOTICE**

### Incorrect mounting or disassembly

The Memosens head could become loose and fall off, resulting in total sensor failure!

- ▶ Only mount the sensor via the process connection.
- ► To do so, use a suitable tool, such as an open-ended wrench.

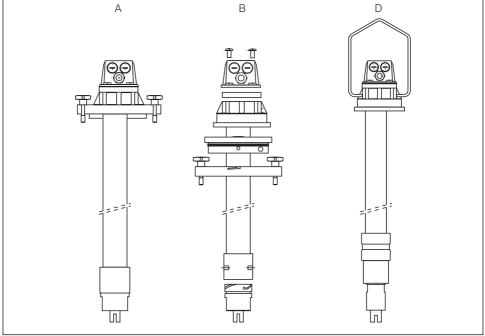




■ 5 Installation in flow assembly CLA751

■ 6 Installation in flow assembly CLA752

The Dipfit CLA111 immersion assembly is available for installing sensors with  ${\sf G1}$  thread in vessels.



A0024145

- 7 Installation in Dipfit CLA111 immersion assembly, fastening versions A, B and D
- Ensure that the electrodes are fully immersed in the medium during measurement.

### 4.2 Post-installation check

- 1. Are the sensor and cable undamaged?
- 2. Is the sensor installed in the process connection and is not suspended from the cable?

# 5 Electrical connection

# **MARNING**

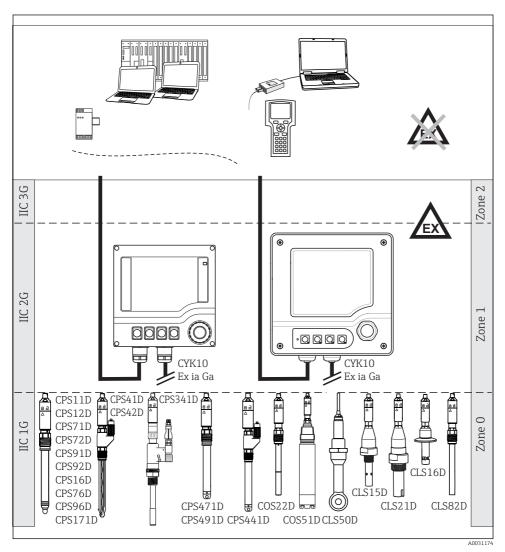
### Device is live!

Incorrect connection may result in injury or death!

- ▶ The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- ► The electrical technician must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- ▶ **Prior** to commencing connection work, ensure that no voltage is present on any cable.

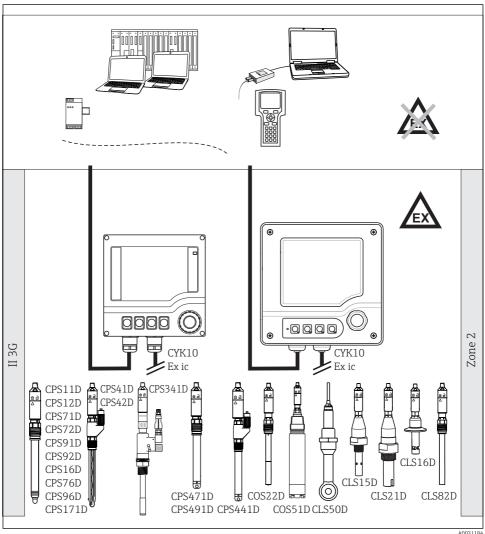
# 5.1 Quick wiring guide

### 5.1.1 Sensors for zone 0



■ 8 Electrical connection in hazardous environment

#### 5.1.2 Sensors for zone 2



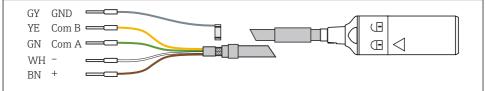
**9** Electrical connection in hazardous environment

Endress+Hauser 19

A0031184

### 5.2 Connecting the sensor

The electrical connection simulator to the transmitter is established using measuring cable CYK10.



Δ0024019

■ 10 Measuring cable CYK10

#### NOTICE

### Mechanical twist protection for CLS15D and CLS21D

If too much force is applied to the Memosens head, this can shear the connections and therefore destroy the sensor!

- ► There is no need to exert excessive force when connecting the sensor to the cable coupling. Proceed with care!
- ► If the Memosens coupling clearly will not close, check the coupling for dirt or mechanical damage, and make sure that you are turning it in the right direction. Pay attention to the lock symbol on the coupling!
- ▶ If necessary, use a different Memosens cable.

### 5.3 Ensuring the degree of protection

Only the mechanical and electrical connections which are described in these instructions and which are necessary for the required, designated use, may be carried out on the device delivered.

• Exercise care when carrying out the work.

Otherwise, the individual types of protection (Ingress Protection (IP), electrical safety, EMC interference immunity) agreed for this product can no longer be guaranteed due, for example to covers being left off or cable (ends) that are loose or insufficiently secured.

#### 5.4 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Action
Are the sensor, assembly, or cables free from damage on the outside?	► Perform a visual inspection.
Electrical connection	Action
Are the mounted cables strain-relieved and not twisted?	▶ Untwist the cables.
Is a sufficient length of the cable cores stripped, and are the cores positioned in the terminal correctly?	► Pull gently to check they are seated correctly.
Are all the screw terminals properly tightened?	► Tighten the screw terminals.

Device condition and specifications	Action
Are all cable entries mounted, tightened and leak-tight?	In the case of lateral cable entries:
Are all cable entries installed downwards or mounted laterally?	<ul> <li>Point cable loops downward so that water can drip off.</li> </ul>

# 6 Commissioning

Prior to initial commissioning, ensure that:

- The sensor is correctly installed
- The electrical connection is correct

If using an assembly with automatic cleaning function:

► Check that the cleaning medium (water or air, for example) is connected correctly.

### **WARNING**

#### Escaping process medium

Risk of injury from high pressure, high temperatures or chemical hazards!

- ► Before applying pressure to an assembly with cleaning system, ensure that the system has been connected correctly.
- If you cannot reliably establish the correct connection, do not install the assembly in the process.
- Following commissioning, the sensor must be serviced at regular intervals, as only then can reliable measurement be guaranteed.
- Operating Instructions for the transmitter used, such as BA01245C if using the Liquiline CM44x or CM44xR.

### 7 Maintenance

## **A** CAUTION

### Corrosive chemicals

Risk of chemical burns to the eyes and skin and risk of damage to clothing and equipment!

- ► It is absolutely essential to protect the eyes and hands properly when working with acids, alkalis and organic solvents!
- ► Wear protective goggles and safety gloves.
- ► Clean away splashes on clothes and other objects to prevent any damage.
- Comply with instructions in the safety data sheets for the chemicals used.

### **A** WARNING

#### Thiocarbamide

Harmful if swallowed! Limited evidence of carcinogenicity! Possible risk of harm to the unborn child! Dangerous for the environment with long-term effects!

- ▶ Wear protective goggles, protective gloves and appropriate protective clothing.
- ▶ Avoid all contact with the eyes, mouth and skin.
- ► Avoid discharge into the environment.

Clean away fouling on the sensor as follows depending on the type of fouling:

- 1. Oily and greasy films:
  - Clean with fat solvent, e.g. alcohol, or hot water and agents containing surfactants (alkaline) (e.g. dishwashing detergent).
- 2. Lime and metal hydroxide buildup and low solubility (lyophobic) organic buildup: Dissolve buildup with diluted hydrochloric acid (3 %) and then rinse thoroughly with plenty of clear water.
- 3. Sulfidic buildup (from flue gas desulfurization or wastewater treatment plants):
  Use a mixture of hydrochloric acid (3 %) and thiocarbamide (commercially available) and then rinse thoroughly with plenty of clear water.
- 4. Buildup containing proteins (e.g. food industry):

  Use a mixture of hydrochloric acid (0.5 %) and pepsin (commercially available) and then rinse thoroughly with plenty of clear water.
- 5. Readily soluble biological buildup: Rinse with pressurized water.

After cleaning, rinse the sensor thoroughly with water.

# 8 Repair

## 8.1 Sealing ring replacement and recalibration (CLS16D only)

Intact seals are a prerequisite for safe and reliable measurements. The seal should be replaced at regular intervals to guarantee maximum sensor operational safety and hygiene.

Practical repair intervals can only be determined by the user as they depend greatly on the operating conditions, such as:

- $\ \ \, \ \ \,$  Type and temperature of the product
- Type and temperature of the cleaning agent
- Number of cleanings
- Number of sterilizations
- Operating environment

#### Recommended intervals for seal replacement (reference values)

Application	Window	
Media with temperatures from 50 to 100 °C (122 to 212 °F)	Approx. 18 months	
Media with temperatures < 50 °C (122 °F)	Approx. 36 months	
Sterilization cycles, max. 150 °C (302 °F), 45 min.	Approx. 400 cycles	

To ensure your sensor is operational again after being exposed to very high loads, you can have it regenerated in the factory. In the factory, the sensor is fitted with new seals and recalibrated.

Please contact your sales office for information on replacing the seal and recalibration in the factory.

#### 8.2 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure the swift, safe and professional return of the device:

 Refer to the website www.endress.com/support/return-material for information on the procedure and conditions for returning devices.

# 8.3 Disposal

The device contains electronic components. The product must be disposed of as electronic waste.

▶ Observe the local regulations.

Condumax CLS15D/16D/21D

# 9 Technical data

# 9.1 Input

#### 9.1.1 Measured variables

- Conductivity
- Temperature

### 9.1.2 Measuring ranges

Conductivity	(in relation to water at 25 °C (77 °F))	)
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CLS15D -A	$0.04$ to $20~\mu S/cm$
CLS15D -B/L	$0.10$ to $200~\mu\text{S/cm}$
CLS16D	$0.04$ to $500~\mu\text{S/cm}$
CLS21D	$10 \mu\text{S/cm}$ to $20 \text{mS/cm}$

### **Temperature**

CLS15D	-20 to 100 °C (-4 to 212 °F)
CLS16D	-5 to 100 °C (23 to 212 °F)
CLS21D	-20 to 100 °C (-4 to 212 °F)

#### 9.1.3 Cell constant

CLS15D -A	$k = 0.01 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
CLS15D -B/L	$k = 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
CLS16D	$k = 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

CLS21D  $k = 1.0 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , nominal

### 9.1.4 Temperature compensation

NTC 30K

### 9.2 Performance characteristics

### 9.2.1 Uncertainty of measurement

#### CLS15D

Each individual sensor is factory–measured in a solution of approx. 5  $\mu S/cm$  for cell constant 0.01 cm $^{-1}$  or approx. 50  $\mu S/cm$  for cell constant 0.1 cm $^{-1}$  using a reference measuring system traceable to NIST or PTB. The exact cell constant is entered into the manufacturer inspection certificate supplied. The uncertainty of measurement in determining the cell constant is 1.0 %.

#### CLS16D

Each individual sensor is factory-measured in a solution of approx.  $5\,\mu\text{S/cm}$  using a reference measuring system traceable to NIST or PTB. The exact cell constant is entered into the manufacturer inspection certificate supplied. The uncertainty of measurement in determining the cell constant is  $1.0\,\%$ .

#### CLS21D

Conductivity

Each individual sensor is factory-measured in a solution of approx. 5 mS/cmusing a reference measuring system traceable to NIST or PTB. The exact cell constant is entered into the manufacturer inspection certificate supplied. The uncertainty of measurement in determining the cell constant is  $1.0 \,\%$ .

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### 9.2.2 Response time

Conductivity	195 \(\sigma\) \(\sigma\)
Temperature	
CLS15D-A	t <sub>90</sub> ≤ 39 s
CLS15D-B/L	t <sub>90</sub> ≤ 17 s
CLS16D	$t_{90} \le 13 \text{ s}$
CLS21D	t <sub>90</sub> ≤ 296 s

#### 9.2.3 Maximum measured error

CLS15D	2% of reading
CLS16D	$2$ % of reading up to $200 \mu\text{S/cm}$
	3 % of reading from 200 to 500 $\mu S/cm$
CLS21D	5% of reading

### 9.2.4 Repeatability

0.2% of reading

### 9.3 Environment

#### 9.3.1 Ambient temperature

-20 to 60 °C (-4 to 140 °F)

### 9.3.2 Storage temperature

-25 to +80 °C (-10 to +180 °F)

#### 9.3.3 Degree of protection

IP 68 / NEMA type 6P (1 m water column, 25 °C, 24 h)

#### 9.4 Process

### 9.4.1 Process temperature

CLS15D

CLS16D

Normal operation -5 to 120 °C (23 to 248 °F)

Sterilization (max. 45 min) Max.  $150 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (302 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$  at 6 bar (87 psi) absolute CLS21D -20 to  $135 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-4 \,^{\circ}\text{to} \, 275 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$  at 3.5 bar (50 psi)

absolute

#### 1) Threaded versions: max. 30 minutes

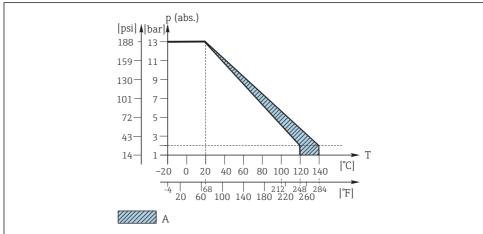
The maximum temperature for communication with the transmitter is  $130 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $266 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) for the Memosens versions.

### 9.4.2 Process pressure

CLS15D	13 bar (188 psi) absolute, at 20 °C (68 °F) 2 bar (29 psi) absolute, at 120 °C (248 °F)
CLS16D	13 bar (188 psi) absolute, at 20 $^{\circ}$ C (68 $^{\circ}$ F) 9 bar (130 psi) absolute, at 120 $^{\circ}$ C (248 $^{\circ}$ F) 0.1 bar (1.5 psi) absolute (negative pressure), at 20 $^{\circ}$ C (68 $^{\circ}$ F)
CLS21D	17 bar (246 psi) absolute, at 20 °C (68 °F)

### 9.4.3 Temperature/pressure ratings

#### CLS15D

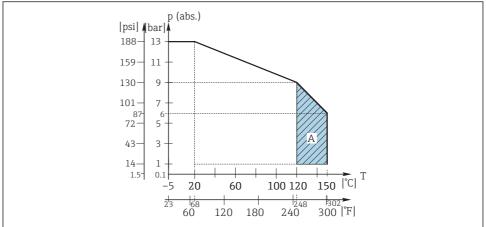


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### ■ 11 Mechanical pressure-temperature resistance

A Can be sterilized for a short time (1 hour)

#### CLS16D

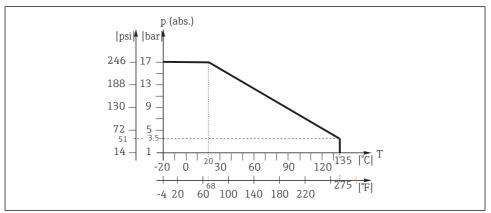


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■ 12 Mechanical pressure-temperature resistance

A Can be sterilized for a short time (45 min.)

#### CLS21D



A0031435-EN

■ 13 Mechanical pressure-temperature resistance

#### 9.5 Mechanical construction

### 9.5.1 Weight

#### CLS15D and CLS21D

Approx. 0.3 kg (0.66 lbs) depending on version

#### CLS16D

Approx. 0.13 to 0.75 kg (0.29 to 1.65 lbs) depending on version

#### 9.5.2 Materials

### CLS15D

Electrodes Polished, stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L)

Sensor shaft Polyethersulfone (PES-GF20)

O-ring, in contact with medium EPDM

(only Clamp version)

CLS16D

Electrodes Electropolished, stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L)
Seal Gasket seal ISOLAST (FFKM), FDA-compliant

#### CLS21D

Electrodes Graphite

Sensor shaft Polyethersulfone (PES-GF20)

Thermal conductivity socket for Titanium 3.7035

temperature probe

Clamp process connection

Process connection
 Stainless steel 1.4435

■ Seal ■ EPDM

#### 9.5.3 Process connection

#### CLS15D

Thread NPT  $\frac{1}{2}$ " and  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Clamp  $\frac{1}{2}$ " as per ISO 2852

#### CLS16D

Clamp 1",  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ", 2" as per ISO 2852 (also suitable for TRI-CLAMP, DIN 32676) Tuchenhagen VARIVENT N DN 50 to 125 NEUMO BioControl D50

#### CLS21D

Thread G1

NPT 1" thread

Clamp 2" as per ISO 2852

Sanitary connection DN 25 and DN 40 as per DIN 11851

# 9.5.4 Surface roughness (only CLS15D, CLS16D)

#### CLS15D

 $R_a \leq 0.8 \; \mu m$ 

#### CLS16D

 $R_a \le 0.8 \mu m$ , electropolished

 $R_a \leq 0.38~\mu m,$  electropolished, optional





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